

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

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PORTSMOUTH, N. H., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1911.

The Portsmouth Daily Republican merged with THE HERALD July 1, 1902. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LIGHTHOUSE IS BURNED WHEN LAMP EXPLODES

The lighthouse tower on Grindstone Island in the Bay of Fundy, marking for navigators the dangers of that

place, has been destroyed by fire, which followed an explosion of one of the four big lamps in the top of the tower.

The keeper and his assistant were unable to check the flames and had to abandon their post. Word of the destruction of the tower has only just been received here, there having been no communication with Grindstone Island for nearly two weeks. The beacon probably will be replaced for the summer season.

AT MUSIC HALL

The following moving picture films will be shown at Music Hall tonight and tomorrow night:
The Rajah, Edison.
A Simple Rustic Tale, Gaumont.
Selling Old Master, Edison.

NOTICE

Shall be in office Saturdays only until April. H. K. Torrey.

NARROW GAUGE BILL IS READY

Will Be Submitted To Legislature Thursday
by Boston and Maine

A bill under which the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad may acquire the Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn railroad, so as to use it as a connecting link for the Boston and Maine and the New Haven, was made public yesterday by the officials of the road.

This bill, which was drawn by Attorney William H. Coolidge of the Boston and Maine, and Vice President Timothy Byrnes of the New Haven, is in compliance with the request of Representative Roger Wolcott, made at the hearing before the legislative committee on railroads some days ago, and will be submitted to that committee tomorrow.

The bill provides for the construction and operation by the railroads or by the Boston terminal company of a freight and passenger tunnel of two or more tracks from some point between the South and Back Bay stations to some point in East Boston.

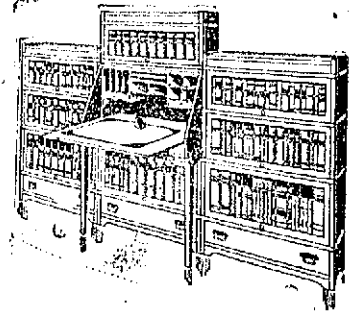
An agreement to electrify two tracks of the New Haven as far as

Readville, and the same number on the Boston and Maine as far as Lynn within two years after the approval of the tunnel plans, and later to electrify the Gloucester branch of the Boston and Maine is made by the companies in another section.

The Lynn board of trade is not harmonious with regard to favoring the Boston and Maine and New York, New Haven and Hartford's proposed purchase of the Narrow Gauge and the building of a tunnel under Boston harbor.

Archibald T. Sampson, chairman of the board of trade's railroad committee, on Monday sent to the Lynn municipal council a letter urging that Lynn oppose the railroad's plans as at present outlined. The plans, Mr. Sampson said, would not improve local traffic. The ferry system for the Narrow Gauge would continue in use. Only through Boston and Maine trains would go through the proposed tunnel. The location of the tunnel would prevent forever the building of any structure to improve local passenger traffic.

Good Book Cases For Good Books



An Even more profitable gift than a good book case. A single section may cost a mere trifle more than one volume, but books are given in such profusion that it is a problem to know where to put them.

Globe-Wernicke ELASTIC BOOK CASES

Add value to books worth keeping, by displaying them to advantage and at the same time protecting them by their dust proof doors. See our Model Library Sets, including Library Chairs and Tables, Students Desks, etc., of MARGESON QUALITY which we have placed on exhibition this week. We sell at the same prices as quoted by the factory and ship out of town prepaid.

Margeson Bros., The Quality Store
HOOSIER KITCHEN CABINETS. TELEPHONE 570

Special Bargains

JUST A FEW LEFT FROM OUR SALE

Pie Pans, 5 cents and 10 cents | Enamel Sauce Pans, 12c, 15c, and 25c
Water Pails, 15c, 20c, and 25c | Berlin Kettles, 42 cents, regular 60c

EVERYTHING FOR THE KITCHEN

Have you seen those Tapestry RUGS, 9 x 12 feet for 10.50 Worth 20.00

SOME OF THOSE 4.50 ROCKERS LEFT FOR 2.50

D. H. McINTOSH Fleet and Congress St.

Geo. B. French Co

We wish to call your attention to the fact that our new

Evening Dresses

have arrived. Also some very fine Lawn Dresses, which are on display in our window.

Make your selections early so as not to be disappointed for the Elks Ball.

SILK STOCKINGS TO MATCH THE DRESSES.

GLOVES IN DIFFERENT LENGTHS.

Big Muslin Underwear Sale of Drummers Samples, consisting of Long Muslin Slips, Long White Petticoats, Lace and Hamburg Trimmed, Corset Covers, Drawers, Combination Corset Cover and Drawer, all to be sold at less than wholesale price. This opportunity comes only twice a year. Watch the papers for prices.

Sale Thursday, February 23d, at 9 O'clock.

WOULD LIMIT TOWS OF BARGES

Boston Marine Society Thinks Two Enough
for a Tug On One String

The question of placing certain restrictions on towing of barges was discussed yesterday at the quarterly meeting of the Boston Marine Society at the Chamber of Commerce.

The recent disaster at Peaked Hill bar, when 17 men lost their lives and three barges were wrecked, awakened interest in the matter.

The sentiment of the society was

that sea tugs should not be permitted to tow more than two barges in the winter. At the semiannual meeting in May the matter will be further considered.

In the meantime it is probable that a petition will be circulated among ship owners and others interested in maritime affairs, asking Congress to limit the number of barges in a tow during the winter.

VACANT HOUSE BURGLARIZED

Thieves Rife Residence on Banfield Road During Owner's Absence

The police are at work on the robbery committed at the residence of Mrs. Annie Harnden on Banfield road, which was reported to the police headquarters on Tuesday.

Mrs. Harnden has been at the home of a relative in Clinton, Mass., since

Christmas and the robbery was not known until she arrived back to reopen the house.

She found that entrance had been gained by breaking the glass in a rear window and removing the catch on the same.

A lot of clothing was missing from a trunk in which she had packed and a watch, the property of her late husband.

Nearly neighbors report that a light was seen in the dwelling about a week after her departure, but they took no particular notice of it, thinking she had returned from her visit. The officers are in hopes to clear up the steal.



Sweeping with the broom or old fashioned carpet sweeper is laborious, unsanitary and anything but thorough.

The ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANER sucks every particle of dirt out of the carpet—it does not raise an atom of dust and doesn't leave an atom to get away from it.

The ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANER makes carpet sweeping easy and pleasant—and it is the only sanitary, non-dust raising, thorough method of carpet sweeping.

Sweep with electricity and you sweep easily and most thoroughly. ROCKINGHAM COUNTY LIGHT & POWER COMPANY

ORDER INQUEST ON DEATH OF A NAVAL OFFICER

Because of certain mysterious circumstances attending the death on Tuesday in the naval hospital at Newport of Commander Frank Marble, U. S. N., an inquest has been ordered.

He died suddenly and it was first said that death was due to apoplexy. Later it was announced that a fractured skull caused death, and the medical officers at the naval hospital stayed late in the afternoon that an inquest had been ordered. Commander Marble, who was on

the staff of the naval war college, fell in his bathroom Monday night, striking his head on the floor and causing a bad wound. It is believed that the fall was due to an apoplectic seizure. Commander Frank Marble, aged 43, had been attached to the naval war college for two years. He entered the naval academy from New York in 1884. In 1905 he was attached to Tokyo. During the Spanish-American war he served on the cruiser New York, the flagship of Admiral Sampson. He was promoted to the grade of commander July 24, 1909, and at the time of his death was on duty at the naval war college at Newport.

OBITUARY

Pietro Scartoni

Pietro Scartoni died this morning at his home on McDonough street, aged 50 years.

CARD OF THANKS

My and Mrs. James Fay desire to thank sincerely all friends and neighbors for their kindness to us upon the death of their dear child and in their great loss and bereavement.

The Preston amendment which is especially objectionable in this end of the state is still a part of the liquor law. There were still enough members of the legislature who believe in giving the Massachusetts companies the preference on the business from no license towns.

SANBORNVILLE AND BROOKFIELD REPORT 20 BELOW

While Portsmouth felt rather chilly this morning with the thermometer registering at zero, it was warm compared with the temperature at Sanbornville and Brookfield, where the residents gazed at the glass at 20 below.

The temperature here rose gradually during the day and there being little wind the cold was not especially oppressive.

NORTH CHURCH YOUNG PEOPLE GO SLEIGHING

The young people of the North church enjoyed a delightful moonlight sleigh ride to Rye Tuesday evening, the night being an ideal one for such an outing.

Returning to the chapel at 9:30 they indulged in an appetizing lunch of creamed chicken, hot chocolate, etc., which was provided and served by Mrs. Lucius H. Thayer.

AT THE STAPLES STORE

Special Prices

on all

SUITS, COATS and FURS

These are mostly new winter goods but we are obliged to clean them up before stock taking

SEE SPECIAL PRICES IN OUR SHOW WINDOW

Ladies' Long Coats, from 5.00
Ladies' Suits, " 5.98
Ladies' Furs, " 1.98
Children's Fur Sets " 2.00

LEWIS E. STAPLES, 7 MARKET ST.

WHAT WE SAY IS SO

REFUSED TO REPEAL PRESTON AMENDMENT

Entire Session of Legislature Taken
Up in Fight and Bill Was Killed.

Nearly the entire time of a two and a half hour session in the house Tuesday morning was devoted to the discussion of the repeal of the Preston amendment. In the first place, fifteen minutes were consumed in introducing some scores of petitions from different parts of the state, about equally divided for and against the repeal. Then the committee on liquor laws brought in a divided report, ten recommending the repeal, five favoring the repeal. Davis of Sutton moved the substitution of the minority report, and for two hours the question was debated. Those who favored the repeal were Dr. Morse of Newmarket, Sibbey and McBride of Manchester, Pillsbury of Londonderry and O'Neill of Walpole. Opposed to its repeal were Pickard of Hancock, Pollard of Newfields, Robertson of Tamworth, Cutler of Jaffrey, Smith of Peterborough, Lindquist of Manchester, Piper of Stratham and Preston of New Hamp-

STANDPATTERS ROUTED

Reciprocity Agreement Sure of Passage—President is Flooded With Favorable Telegrams

It is conceded, even by the opponents of reciprocity, that the prospects for the passage of the Canadian agreement by Congress are brighter now than at any time since President Taft sent in his special message on the subject. The opponents of the measure, the standpatters in Congress, appear to be thoroughly disorganized, not only in the house, but in the

senate. In fact, it is asserted that the last vestiges of the Cannon-Payne Dairies organization in the house and the Aldrich-Jale combination in the senate, will have disappeared by the time the question is finally settled. The President, spurred by a constant stream of favorable telegrams, of popular support, remains firm in his intention of forcing the agreement through congress. Action by the house probably within two days seems assured. This will leave the senate a couple of weeks for action. It is believed that before noon on March 4 the measure will have gone through the upper house of Congress and received the assent of the President. Equal expedition is to be expected on the part of Canada, which would mean that reciprocity would go into effect immediately. The head of the National Grange, N. J. Bachelder of Concord, N. H., has replied to the public letter of Secretary Wilson by intimating that the latter has been deceived by the "interests" which are back of the agreement, and asserts that the American farmers will not submit quietly to the injury which will come to them. A protest also comes from the National Livestock association, which opposes the free admission of live cattle from Canada.

PUT OUT OF ACTION BY THEIR OWN GUNS

French Experiment in Firing Guns in Fore and Aft Turrets at Same Time Results Disastrously to Five Battleships.

The French, who have never been very lucky at sea, managed, the other day, according to reports from Toulon to put five warships temporarily out of service by the simple expedient of firing off at the same time the two big guns in their fore and aft turrets. The unofficial information is that one of the vessels jammed both turrets, and the guns of two others were left immovable pointing at various rakish angles to the sky and the sea. Even the vice admiral in command admits that two of his ships will be unable to fire at any more targets for several days. For the purpose of warfare therefore these two at least may be assumed to have reduced themselves to harmless with their own guns. In any real battle—unless an equal or greater number of the enemy's ships behaved in like fashion—such a reduction of the fighting efficiency of one of two fairly matched squadrons ought to make all the difference between defeat and victory.

These mishaps to the ships of the French Republic came about in the course of target practice at a six-mile range "with the guns fully loaded." Nothing is said of what happened to the targets. However, our own ordnance experts declare that thick armor plate was not penetrated in a single instance, in the course of the naval fighting of the Russo-Japanese war.

PILES CURED IN 5 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO INTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles in 5 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

DIFFER ON MORE ENGLISH DREADNOUGHTS

Admiralty Wants Six, McKenna Five, Cabinet and Party Radicals Say Four.

With reference to the reported discussion of the liberal party over the naval estimates, it is learned that the British admiralty wants six new super-dreadnoughts laid down this year. Reginald McKenna, first lord of the admiralty, favors five, but the radical section of the cabinet and party insists that four will suffice.

ROYAL VICTIMS OF MEASLES

Prince of Wales and His Brother, Prince Albert, Not in a Serious Condition.

Edward, Prince of Wales, and his brother, Prince Albert, have been attacked by the measles at the Naval college at Dartmouth, England, where there is an epidemic of the disease. The condition of the royal princes causes no anxiety, however.

RUSH ORDERS FOR EQUIPMENT

Current activities of the New Haven Boston & Maine management include the ordering of 14 new sleeping cars for the New Haven, 83 new passenger coaches for the Boston & Maine and the placing of the rush order for 60,000 tons of new rails for both systems.

The regular monthly meeting of the Portsmouth Athletic club was held on Tuesday evening. One new member was elected and the committee on the fair made a report of the progress. A collation followed the meeting.

OBSERVED 16TH ANNIVERSARY

The Addie E. Burdett council, Daughters of Liberty, observed their sixteenth anniversary on Tuesday evening in their quarters at N. E. O. P. hall, and they had as their special guests the Seaside Council, Junior Order of American Mechanics of Rye.

An entertainment consisting of readings by Mrs. Sarah Duffy and Miss Blanche Leavitt and a vocal solo by Miss Leavitt with selections by the orchestra was followed by what.

FELL INTO WATER TANK

Fireman Stewart of the Pullman train due here at 9.10, had a rather peculiar accident at Newburyport on Tuesday evening, when the train stopped for water.

He was on the water tank, attending to the taking on of water, when he slipped on the ice and fell into the tank. His cries were heard by the engineer and he was pulled out wet to the skin and badly chilled.

He ran his train through to this city, where another fireman was secured and Stewart was wrapped in blankets and remained in the baggage car the remainder of the run.

THEATRICAL TOPICS

"The Time, The Place and The Girl" Although one of the youngest in years, Miss Jessie Webster is one of the strongest members in the cast which will present "The Time, The Place and The Girl" at Music Hall on Feb. 23. This little girl is but seven years old, but already has won for herself a niche high up in the temple of dramatic art. This little girl has been on the stage for a number of years, and under the tutelage of her mother, has made a study of leading actors and actresses on the American stage. Her imitations of George M. Cohan, Ethel Levy, James T. Powers, Eddie Foy and Marie Dressler are without equal anywhere. In Chicago Miss Webster has not only the plaudits of an enthusiastic public, but of the commanding critics. In the role of the Girl in "The Time, The Place and The Girl" she has ample opportunity to display her talent as well as a mimic.

It is not often that an audience will stay in a theatre and applaud the finale of a performance, but in "The Time, The Place and The Girl" the feature of the last act is one to keep them in their seats until the last curtain, and which always receives an outburst of applause, which would do credit to a big number in the show. There's a delicious sense of freedom from the cares of the world after witnessing a performance of Hough, Adams and Howard's piquant musical mixture, "The Time, The Place and The Girl" company, which comes to Music Hall on Feb. 23, with a new dressing, new faces, new costumes, new scenery, new songs, new and startling electrical effects, all the old numbers burnished up in brilliant style, and an excellent cast, a chorus of beauty and grace, this most successful of musical extravaganzas is really worth witnessing. It comes here once again, and is conceded to be better than the season's best.

"The Red Mill"

"The Red Mill," which will be seen at Music Hall Feb. 27 comes with a record of one entire year on Broadway, New York City, at the Knickerbocker Theatre, and three months each in Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia. "The Red Mill" stands out as the most popular musical hit of the past three seasons and one that will prove popular for many seasons to come, possessing all the elements

of an enduring success both in story and music. "The Red Mill" marks the nineteenth complete musical play by Victor Herbert every one of which has scored an undoubted success and have proved the vehicles for most of the distinguished musical stars of the present day. Henry Blossom, the author of the book and lyrics, has already come to the front place as the American Gilbert, each of his writings having, like Herbert, proved immensely successful. Starting with "The Mikado," his first and only dramatic writing, he rapidly followed with "The Rakoczi March," "The Mediate," "The Prima Donna," "The Red Mill," "The Red Mill," Messrs Blossom and Herbert have worked with such intelligence that the former has succeeded in telling the adventures of a frisky pair of Americans who are "doin'" Europe for the first time but who strike a snag in one of the small villages of Holland when their money gives out, and the most amusing complications follow, lead them to assume all kinds of disguises. The music of Herbert is of the whistle-kind and satisfied not only music lovers alone but the masses to whom song is one of the greatest delights.

The company of fifty people has been carefully selected and embraces a cast of rare individuality, particularly the six little boys and girls who impersonate the Dutch Kibbicks.

The famous characters of Con Kidder and Kid Connor will be interpreted by James Crowley and Wm. Moore.

OLD NEW HAMPSHIRE PHYSICIAN

Dr. Charles F. Kingsbury Had Been Retired from Active Practice for Twenty-Two Years.

Dr. Charles F. Kingsbury, who died at West Medford, had been retired from active practice for twenty-two years. He was a native of Gilsen, N. H., and for years was well known in the Granite state.

He was for several years county commissioner and for three years chairman of the state board of agriculture. He was one prominently mentioned as Democratic candidate for governor. His resemblance to Stanton, whose picture is familiar to all who have seen a ten dollar note of the less recent issue, was so marked as to be a topic of frequent comment.

Dr. Kingsbury first practiced in Stodard, N. H., then removed to Lyme, this state, where he remained until retiring from practice.

HELD SMOKE TALK

Knights of Columbus Had an Informal Affair That Was Very Enjoyable

The Knights of Columbus held a very enjoyable informal smoke-talk on Tuesday evening at their quarters in Pierce hall.

There were present in addition to the members of the council, many guests, and they enjoyed the affair.

There were no set speakers, but everybody was called upon to do a little turn, and all did themselves justice.

A supper of salads, cigars etc., was served.

POLICE COURT

The first session of the police court under the new rules of afternoon session, was held on Tuesday at 2.30, before Judge Simes.

Daniel Hurley and Annie Varney, charged with drunkenness, were each sentenced to 30 days, with costs, at Brentwood.

OBITUARY

Thomas N. Regan, Thomas Nicholas Regan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Regan, of Chauncey street, died on Tuesday evening of diphtheria, aged 2 years 8 months and 14 days.

MONTHLY ASSEMBLY

Alpha Council No. 83, Royal Arcanum will hold its regular monthly assembly Wednesday, Feb. 15.

F. D. GILKEY, Regent. F. T. HARTSON, Secretary.

The Elks valentine party last evening was a great success.

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It Is The Taste! You Cannot Be Deceived!

THE FRANK JONES PORTSMOUTH ALE has the true flavor of purity of product, perfection in brewing.

NONE TASTES AS GOOD AS THE GENUINE.

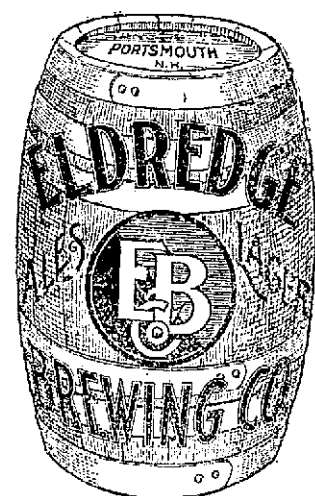
Eldredge's Bock Has No Equal

And Cannot Be Imitated.

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Need a Tonic--- Try Eldredge's Bock.



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TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY
FEBRUARY 14, 15

A Great Bill

MAINEES AND EVENINGS

BIG VAUDEVILLE

--- AND ---

PICTURE SHOW

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TEN MERRY YOUNGSTERS

In their successful miniature comedy
DINKELSPIEL'S TROUBLES
Positively the Funniest School Act in Vaudeville

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E. W. Johnson

VAST LUMBER TRUST COMING Forest Holdings Are Fast Being Concentrated

SINISTER LAND MONOPOLY

Commissioner of Corporations Finds That Few Holders, Many Inter-related, Have Practically One-Half of Privately Owned Timber in Area Investigated—Sees Possibilities of Impregnable Monopolistic Conditions

Washington, Feb. 15.—Concentration of the control of the standing timber in a very few hands, vast speculative holdings "far in advance of any use thereof," an enormous increase in the value of "this diminishing natural resource, with great profits to its owners" and incidentally "an equally sinister land monopoly" and a "closely connected railroad domination"—these are the findings reported to the president by Herbert K. Smith, commissioner of corporations, in the first installment of his long awaited report on the lumber industry in the United States.

Commissioner Smith reports that a tenth of all the private lands are held by three combinations, which, he says, are preserving their timber until it is exhausted elsewhere, when they can get any price they ask, however extortionate. The greatest holder is the Southern Pacific, which owns 4,318,000 acres, or 6 percent of all private forests. All forest values, the report says, are tremendously increasing, some prices having already gone up fiftyfold.

The report, dated Feb. 13, was made public yesterday when the president sent it to congress. The report, which consists of a pamphlet of thirty-eight pages, is effectively summarized in the commissioner's letter of transmittal. His conclusion, a forecast of the future, partakes of the sensational.

"There are many great combinations in other industries," says the commissioner, "whose formation is complete. In the lumber industry, on the other hand, the bureau finds now in the making a combination caused, fundamentally, by a long standing public policy. The concentration already existing is sufficiently impressive. Still more impressive are the possibilities for the future."

"In the last forty years concentration has so proceeded that 195 holders, many inter-related, have now practically one-half of the privately owned timber in the investigation area (which contains 80 percent of the whole)."

"This formidable process of concentration, in timber and land, certainly involves grave future possibilities of impregnable monopolistic conditions, whose far-reaching consequences to society it is now difficult to anticipate fully or to overestimate."

The commissioner reserves for later report the subject of combinations in the manufacture or sale of lumber "as distinguished from ownership" of standing timber. In the letter summarizing the report the foremost facts shown are:

(1) The concentration of a dominating control of our standing timber in a comparatively few enormous holdings, steadily tending toward a central control of the lumber industry.

(2) Vast speculative purchase and holding of timber land far in advance of any use thereof.

(3) An enormous increase in the value of this diminishing natural resource, with great profits to its owners. This value, by the very nature of standing timber, the holder neither created nor substantially enhanced.

FURTHER DECLINE IN EGGS

Fresh Product Down to Sixteen Cents a Dozen in Chicago

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Withdrawal of cold storage eggs from the open market followed the announcement of a further decline of 2 cents a dozen in the price of the fresh product.

This reduction brought the cost of the best selected eggs to 16 cents a dozen, which is the lowest price touched by eggs in the Chicago market in three years and lower than ever before recorded so early in the month of February.

The receipts yesterday were 10,062 cases, the largest of the year to date.

The Kaiser's Illness
Berlin, Feb. 15.—The indisposition of the emperor apparently is more serious than has been indicated in the official announcements. The emperor will be confined to his chamber until the end of the week.

Maine Senate For Resubmission
Augusta, Me., Feb. 15.—The resolve to resubmit the prohibitory liquor law was adopted in the senate by a strict party vote, 23 to 7, with one senator absent.

The Weather
Almanac, Thursday, Feb. 16.
Sun rises—6:45; sets—5:32.
Moon rises—9:11 p. m.
High water—1:30 a. m.; 1:45 p. m.
Forecast for New England: Fair; warmer; brisk northeast winds.

CITIZENS FRIGHTENED

Building and Cars Are Wrecked by Exploding Gas Tanks

East Deerfield, Mass., Feb. 15.—Terrible explosions, which followed one another at intervals of two or three minutes and continuing for over an hour, resulted in the destruction of a gas generating plant located in the yards of the Boston and Maine railroad, the burning of four box cars and the wrecking of a caboose and incidentally gave the citizens of East Deerfield a bad scare.

Small metal gas tanks were blown through the air, some of them landing 600 feet or more from their starting point, exploding as they went. In all there were more than sixty explosions and at one time there were four of the tanks in the air at once.

The explosions originated in a small building used for charging tanks for locomotive headlights. The loss may reach \$25,000.

NOTE FROM MISS ARNOLD

Indicates That She Is Stopping at Hotel in a Big City

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 15.—Cupid paved the way to solve the mystery surrounding the disappearance of Miss Dorothy H. C. Arnold, who vanished so completely while on a shopping tour in New York.

George S. Griscom, Jr., the Pittsburg clubman, who has remained in seclusion in the Hotel Chalfonte since Saturday evening, yesterday afternoon received a letter from Miss Arnold.

The letter received by Griscom was enclosed in an envelope bearing the crest of one of the leading hotels in a principal city of the United States, which is more than 200 miles distant from Atlantic City.

NAVARRO RECEIVED WITH WILD CHEERS

Mexican General Reaches Juarez With Federal Forces

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 15.—Amid the wildest cheering, General Navarro, at the head of 1000 federal troops from Chihuahua, entered Juarez last evening.

The entire trip, consuming twelve days, was made by train without the firing of a shot or sighting of the revolutionists. Navarro was compelled to repair twenty-five bridges and culverts which had been blown up by the insurgents.

The arrival marks the end of the Juarez campaign. Orozco and the other rebel chiefs are scattered east and south of here.

SNEEZE AND COUGH MEET

New Jersey Woman Narrowly Escapes Death by Strangling

Morrisstown, N. J., Feb. 15.—A combination of a sneeze and a cough nearly cost Miss Lena Sigfried her life. While peering soup some of the seasoning entered her nostrils and caused her to sneeze and at the same time she coughed. The combination of the two caused the woman to strangle.

Dr. Willis, who was called, found that an operation was necessary to save the woman's life. She was taken to All Souls' hospital, New York specialists were hurried here and the operation was performed.

LIQUOR DIDN'T AFFECT HIM

Doctors to Ascertain Reason For Rosendale's Drink Immunity

Philadelphia, Feb. 15.—Jules Rosendale of this city, a translator, and father of Margaret Dale, the actress, died yesterday, aged 76 years.

Mr. Rosendale in his will directed that his body be cremated and that his brain and stomach be given to the University of Pennsylvania to discover the reason for his immunity from the usual effects of intoxicating drink.

It is stated by physicians that Rosendale could consume almost unlimited quantities of alcoholic liquor without any effect whatever upon his brain or nervous system.

HUSBAND NOT DEAD

Returns Home After Wife Identifies Body and Collects Insurance

Reading, Pa., Feb. 15.—Mrs. A. H. Kennard two weeks ago identified the body of a man found in the Schuylkill river as that of her husband.

She collected the insurance on his life and the body was buried in her lot.

Yesterday Kennard returned home, saying that he had been working in Boston.

SENATORIAL DEADLOCK CONTINUES

Albany, Feb. 15.—The senatorial deadlock continued on the twenty-fourth joint ballot. No changes were recorded in the vote of the senators. The assemblymen likewise were faithful to their candidates.

JAPAN'S BIG BUDGET

Tokio, Feb. 15.—The budget for 1911-12 passed the lower house. It shows total receipts estimated at \$275,000,000 and total expenditures exactly balancing.

DECLARES BANK SLIP FORGED

Bailey Springs Sensation In Defense of Lorimer

ACCUSES A CHICAGO BANK

Enters Upon What He Admits Is Delicate Branch of Investigation—Sees Possible Explanation in Illinois Governor's Connection With the Institution—Heyburn Does Not Wish to Be Mixed With "Twins"

Washington, Feb. 15.—Senator Bailey resumed his argument in the senate in support of the report of the committee on privileges and elections, exonerating Senator Lorimer of Illinois from the charge of bribery in connection with his election to the senate.

He quickly entered upon sensational grounds by practically charging forgery against the Illinois State bank of Chicago, in which he said Governor Deneen is interested. The Texas senator returned to the consideration of his charge that the bank deposit slip evidencing State Senator Holdaway's deposit in the State bank of Chicago had been a forgery. He referred to the fact that on Monday Senator Cummins had sought to introduce the original slip, which it was claimed had been made out by Chief Clerk Newton of the bank.

Mr. Cummins, Bailey said, had permitted him to take the paper, and added that his examination of it had only had the effect of confirming his theory that the slip had been a forgery. He was sure that the handwriting shown in Newton's signature was not the same as that on the slip.

What he admitted was a delicate branch of his investigation was then entered upon by Bailey. Expressing surprise that the slip only and not the books of the bank had been introduced in the testimony, the senator said that the slip was the only paper on the bank's files that could have been forged. He seemed to find a possible explanation in Deneen's connection with the bank. "His friends control the institution, or at least he is a stockholder in it," he said.

When Cummins asked as to why, if there had been suspicion of forgery, the investigating committee had not investigated the matter, Bailey explained that at the time of the inquiry the suspicion had not existed.

Taking up the legal phases of the case, Bailey proceeded to reply to the speeches of Senator Root, Cummins and Borah.

"I wish," said Senator Heyburn, interrupting the speaker, "that when the senator from Texas speaks of the senator from Idaho he would be more specific. I agree with the senator from Texas."

Mr. Bailey apologized, saying that "it would not do to mix those twins." Everybody laughed and the chair administered no rebuke. Thenceforth Borah was spoken of by name.

Mr. Bailey declared that it was not friendship for Lorimer that was actuating him and added that if it were he would want to see him unseated, for he was sure in that event he would be immediately returned to the senate if the Illinois legislature was not as corrupt as it had been charged with being.

TO FIGHT GRAFT GAME

Woman Who Starts Indiana Paper Is the "Whole Show"

Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—Miss Virginia Brooks, vice crusader, of West Hammond, who sprang into the limelight by her fight against corrupt politicians at the recent elections, has assumed the editorship of The Searchlight, a newspaper which will be issued twice a week.

The Searchlight is designed to attack graft, and Miss Brooks declares she will spare no guilty man. She is not only editor, but advertising manager, circulation manager and publisher as well.

KING GEORGE WORRYING

Receives Two Bulletins Daily Concerning Illness of His Sons

London, Feb. 15.—Despite the reassurances of physicians, King George is greatly worried over the condition of his two sons, the Prince of Wales and the prince's brother, Albert, who are ill of measles along with sixty-five other students at the British naval college at Dartmouth.

The king has ordered that two bulletins daily be sent to him at Buckingham palace apprising him of the condition of the boys.

FARMER'S BODY RIDDLED BY THIEVES

Springfield, O., Feb. 15.—George Florida, a farmer residing near here, was shot to death while protecting his property from burglars. After killing Florida the murderers riddled his body with bullets.

NEW FLIGHT RECORD

Rheims, France, Feb. 15.—Aviator Buisson made a new record for speed in a monoplane with passenger. He flew sixty-two miles at the aerodrome in one hour and one minute.

S. W. McCALL
Massachusetts Congressman Who Helped Canadian Reciprocity



RECIPROCITY BILL PASSED

Has Hundred and Twenty-Nine Majority in House

CLOTURE RULE IS APPLIED

Eighty-Seven Republicans and Five Democrats Vote Against Measure Introduced by McCall—Reading of Bill Is Dispensed With—Opponents Appear to Be Thoroughly Disorganized and Display a Bitter Attitude

Washington, Feb. 15.—President Taft's reciprocity agreement with Canada was ratified in the house of representatives last night through the support of an almost solid Democratic vote.

The McCall bill, carrying the agreement into effect, was passed, 221 to 92. A majority of the Republicans present voted against the measure, the division being 78 ayes and 87 noes. The Democratic vote was 143 ayes and 5 noes.

A majority of the Republican insurgents present voted for the bill, which now goes to the senate. What its fate will be in that body is problematical at this time.

The passage of the bill in the house came at the end of a long debate which at times was as bitter as has been heard on the floor of that chamber in years. The fight was confined almost wholly to the Republicans. Democratic members joined in from time to time and taunted the majority members for their lack of unity.

A final vote was reached only through the application of a cloture rule which shut off all amendments and even dispensed with the reading of the bill. This procedure was decided upon only after Mr. McCall, in charge of the bill, had failed to get unanimous consent to do away with calendar Wednesday today. If that had been secured he said he would have been glad to let the debate continue for another legislative day.

The Republicans opposed to the bill fought the rule to the very last, denouncing it in caustic language. They directed their fire especially against the Democrats.

Under the cloture rule, which was adopted by a vote of 198 to 107, the only loophole left to the opponents of the measure was a motion to reconsider the bill to the committee of the whole house with instructions to report certain amendments. When the time came to do this half a dozen members were clamoring for recognition.

Mr. Dalzell was recognized by Speaker Cannon. He proposed that meat and meat products, flour, prepared cereals, lumber and several other articles be put on the free list. The Democrats were not shaken by this and the motion was lost, 114 to 191.

It has been apparent for several days that the reciprocity measure would have an overwhelming majority in the house. This seemed to make its opponents all the more bitter. The feeling displayed in the house was so intense at times that it surprised the members on both sides of the house.

Some of the old guard Republican leaders yelled but very thinly their prediction that the Republican party would be defeated by reason of what they characterized as a departure from the principle of protection and the espousal of free trade.

Baker Ends Life With Gas
Providence, R. I., Feb. 15.—John Ferguson, one of the best known bakers in Providence, was killed by gas. It was declared by the medical examiner to be a case of suicide.

Cutting Wisdom Teeth at Sixty
Noblesville, Ind., Feb. 15.—James Dewitt of Omega, although 60 years of age, is just now cutting his wisdom teeth and has been made very sick as a result.

DAMON LODGE ANNIVERSARY

The Damon Lodge, Knights of Pythias, on Tuesday evening, observed their fortieth anniversary and entertained their friends with a splendid time.

An entertainment consisting of readings by Rev. L. L. Gaither, was followed by an exhibition drill by the rank staff. Vocal solos were rendered by Messrs. Ralph Parker, Joseph Layne and Robert Cator.

Refreshments were served and this was followed by dancing until midnight, the Wentworth and Mardon orchestra furnishing music.

The committee in charge were Messrs. H. H. Foote, A. O. Benfield, F. C. Horner and Geo. A. McDonald.

FRANCE WOULD LOSE AS ALLY

Of Great Britain—Would Be Crushed Germany and Lose Colonies

New York, Feb. 14.—"If a war should be the outcome of the relations between England and Germany, France, as an ally of the former country and compelled to fight out the issue on land, possibly would learn the shortcomings of its military forces when put to a test with those of the Empire, while Germany would be crushed by the English navy. Great Britain then would remain the sole nation to gain by the Anglo-French alliance, as the Republic, economically and morally crushed after the defeat at the hands of the German Empire, would be unable to maintain its vast colonies, which she would voluntarily surrender to her English ally."

With these words Dr. Ernest Daenell, Kaiser Wilhelm, exchange professor at Columbia University and faculty member of the University of Koelnberg, Germany, voiced his opinion of the Anglo-German question in the course of a lecture on "Germany and the European Situation" at New York. Beginning with the statement that Germany's expansion in every field during the past decade has been greater than during any other period since 1860, Dr. Daenell minutely pictured the political history of the Empire for the last half century in conjunction with that of the other European countries. While the period from 1860 to 1870, he said, was practically dominated by two unusual personalities, Bismarck and Napoleon III, the politics in Europe during the two decades between 1870 and 1890 were particularly marked by the German influence.

"With the beginning of the twentieth century," he continued, "the situation was somewhat similar to the period 1860-1870, except that the antagonism against Germany was not on the part of France, but on the part of England, the all dominating personalities involved now being Wilhelm II and Edward VII.

"The conclusion of the Bismarck regime in the '90s saw peaceful relations between the two countries, and no thought of an important German navy expansion was entertained by Great Britain or it would not have permitted the release of the island of Heligoland, a commanding strategic point, to the other country. However,

the assumption of the English throne by Edward VII, who at once became the central figure in politics, signaled a new viewpoint of foreign politics, and the attitude of the two countries very soon changed."

Turning then to Russia, which he said must be reckoned as a factor, notwithstanding her deficient civilization, Dr. Daenell explained how this nation was launched in the world politics with the signing of the French-Russian alliance in 1891. While it was the hope of France, through the support of its new ally to start a revenge war against Germany, he said this never materialized, Russia, by clever diplomacy, taking advantage of the political union by drawing on the enormous French capital for the purpose of upbuilding its finances and agriculture.

"The inability to train its army and navy to a state of discipline equal to that of other nations dooms Russia to be excluded as a factor in any political alliance," the speaker said.

Pointing out the frailties of the English empire of today, Dr. Daenell resumed his analysis of the English question and related the political measures adopted by that country since the Boer war, which he said were responsible for the political "ring" formed against Germany. The English-Japanese alliance, the Moroccan treaty with France and other diplomatic collusions were successful steps taken by the British statesmen toward the isolation of Germany, which would have been complete had not Turkey and Austria refused to join the "ring."

"It is possible, however, that England has arranged its foreign politics with a view of making a coup in some part of the world where she suspects Germany of having a similar purpose," he concluded. "The German influence in Asia Minor and Asia, through the construction of the Bagdad railway, which is in the hands of a German syndicate, has all along been resented by the English, who form it an invasion of English interests. It would appear as if that country is proposing to annex southeastern Arabia and Mesopotamia as being parts of Egypt."

TEMPLE IS ALLOWED TO DEFEND HIMSELF

Taunton Shows Leniency to City Treasurer

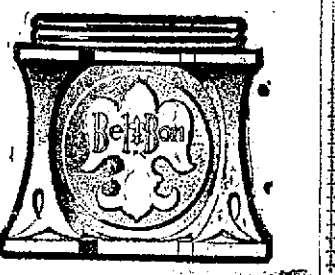
Taunton, Mass., Feb. 15.—That City Treasurer Temple, who was removed from office by the city council last Tuesday, following the report of a special auditor that there was a seeming shortage of \$5500 in his books, may have an opportunity to defend himself, the city council last night rescinded its order of removal. Temple is expected to resume his duties today.

Following the session of the council, Chairman Foster said that charges against Temple will be soon prepared along the line of the findings of James T. Swan, the special auditor who reported that there was an apparent discrepancy of \$5500. On these charges a public hearing will be held, at which Temple will be given an opportunity to defend himself.

Free Souvenir Offer

By the BRUGUIER CHEMICAL CO. of NEWARK, N. J.

Believing firmly that there is no other such excellent face and massage cream as Bel-Bon Peroxide Toilet Cream, we are eager to have you give this cream a trial. Remember: it is guaranteed to contain Peroxide of Hydrogen. As a fetching inducement we have authorized the dealers named below to give free with each purchase of a 25c jar of



PEROXIDE TOILET CREAM

all three of the following articles: A BEL-BON FACE CHAMOIS (Guaranteed Washable); A BEL-BON COMPLEXION CLOTH; A BEL-BON VANITY CASE WITH PUFF.

This is a most remarkable offering and we expect to have hundreds take advantage of it tomorrow. We would ask that you cut out the attached order to present at the toilet counter of your dealer when you make your purchase.

Benjamin Green.

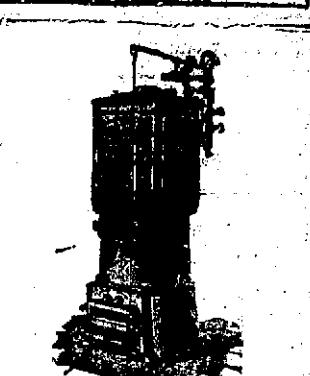
This order is good only until each dealer's allotment of these souvenirs is exhausted.

BRING THIS ORDER

Deliver to each purchaser of a jar of Bel-Bon Cream one each, Bel-Bon Face Chamois, Complexion Cloth and Vanity case.

Posidman & Norton

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.
40 CONSUMERS
TOTAL ASSETS \$2,500,000
PRIMEY HOLDERS SURPLUS \$2,000,000



STEAM OR HOT WATER HEATING

Estimates furnished. L... prices on Pipe, Valves, Radiators, etc.

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It will not be damaged. It will be answered promptly and will be there.
Telephone 167-8.
W. G. WIGGIN, PROP.

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Cared For and Turling Done.
With increased facilities the subscriber is again prepared to take charge of and keep in order all lots in any of the cemeteries of the city. He will also give careful attention to the turning and grading of them, to the cleaning of monuments and to the removal of weeds. In addition to work at the cemetery he will do turning and grading in the city on short notice.
Cemetery lots for sale; also Loan and Turling.
Orders left at his residence, corner of Richards Avenue and South Street, or by mail with Oliver W. Hays, 140 North Street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN.

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Tablets, Monuments, Mausoleums, OF ALL DESIGNS.
My plant contains an Air Compressor, Pneumatic Tools for Lettering and Carving, Polishing Machine, all run by electric power. The only plant in this section with modern appliances.

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 Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.
 Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

TELEPHONES
 Editorial.....28 Business.....37

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

For PORTSMOUTH and PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1911.

1911 FEBRUARY 1911						
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USELESS LAWS

Many of this country's laws are never enforced. Many reputable and intelligent citizens of the United States are wholly unaware of the existence of scores of ancient blue laws which have good and sufficient reasons for remaining a dead letter.

Here is one, for instance. It is Section 181, revised statutes of the United States, passed March 4, 1909:

"Whoever shall establish any private express for the conveyance of letters or packets, or in any manner cause or provide for the conveyance of the same by regular trips or at stated periods over any post route which is or may be established by law, or from any city, town or place to any other city, town or place between which the mail is regularly carried, or who shall aid or assist therein, shall be fined not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

"Provided, that nothing contained in this section shall be construed as prohibiting any person from receiving and delivering to the nearest postoffice, postal car or other authorized depository for mail matter any mail matter properly stamped."

Not long ago the United States circuit court dismissed a suit brought under this law on the ground that a private citizen had no right to bring suit against the express companies for operating against the law over the post roads; such suit, said the court, could be brought only by the government.

Of course law is merely an expression of the popular will, and if the popular will is not behind the law, or does not stay behind it, that law should not exist. The public as a whole has no feeling of animosity toward the express companies. Then why is this law, like dozens of others similarly useless, permitted to continue its purposeless existence?

BIRDSEYE VIEWS

There seems to be no difficulty in picking Nat Goodwin's wed lock.

"St. Valentine's Day is lover's day," says Laura Jean Libbey. Huh! Isn't every day?

If telephone eavesdropping is made illegal the raison d'être of some of the country lines will disappear.

The nine lives of a cat aren't a circumstance compared with the endless vitality of the Mexican rebellion.

They haven't even raised the Maine by Feb. 15, as they agreed; indeed they haven't raised the dough yet.

The Arkansas man who ate a bowl of yeast on a wager may yet rise to the fact that he was made the butt of an ill-bred joke.

The Kansas senate has passed a bill requiring all mine owners to maintain shower baths at the mouth of a mine, with individual lockers, for men employed in the mines. But that's nothing. Why, here in the Herald office we have unformed

parts with fans to cool the fevered brows of the staff. Probably in Kansas they have to stick the stuff out of the window.

The Manchester Union thinks that the Lorimer case is beginning to be offensive to the oil factories. Something like a glue factory?

We are advised that Juarez is pronounced "Whah-rez." Now how's Whah-rez pronounced? asks the Biddeford Journal. That's easy: Juarez.

Dorothy Arnold's parents would possibly not relish the error in a Boston paper Tuesday which placed their summer home at York Beach instead of York Harbor.

The height of buildings erected in Chicago after Sept. 1 will be limited to 200 feet. Chicago feet? asks the Boston Globe, presumably meaning pigs' feet.

If the new Lake flying machine is as safe as a trolley car, as its inventor claims, one should not heretofore be under the necessity of hitching one's aero-wagon to a star.

AMONG OUR EXCHANGES

Tattle Point

Those curious people who make a practice of what is called "rubbering" on the telephone, in other words eavesdropping on party lines and listening to conversations not meant for them, would better take care. A man over in New Hampshire is on their track, and if he has his way he will make this an unlawful practice subject to a smart fine. This reformer is Hon. Herman A. Clark of Portsmouth, a member of the legislature, and he has introduced a bill, said to be hailed with joy throughout the state. It is the "rubberneck phone bill," and it provides a fine of \$10 for each offense of wilfully breaking in upon a telephone conversation or taking down a telephone receiver and listening to a conversation between others on a party line. Representative Clark declares that much trouble and annoyance have been caused in this way. "Why, down where I live," he says, "in the south end section on the waterfront, there has been so much of this telephone listening going on, and then these private conversations repeated, that it has got to be called 'Tattle Point.'"

More power to the elbow of Representative Clark! Likewise to his persuasive influence with the assembled statesmen. New Hampshire has turned over a new leaf and put in a progressive administration, and if it is going to live up to its reputation it will insist on progressive legislation such as this. In corridors of public and office buildings is sometimes to be seen a sign: "Gentlemen will not spit on the floor. Others must not." Mr. Clark proposes to establish a similar rule respecting the use of the telephone: "Gentlemen (and ladies) will not eavesdrop. Others must not on pain of \$10 fine." If everybody were a gentleman (or a lady as the case may be—and it is believed that the gentler sex are the worse offenders), there would be no complaint and therefore no need of a restrictive statute. On a party line each patron has his particular signal, which he is supposed to answer and no other. If he is honorable, self-respecting and respectful of the rights of others, he will no more think of prying into their affairs by listening at the telephone than of opening their letters or listening at keyholes. It is a sad fact, however, that there are many not entitled to the name of gentleman (or lady). There is more than one "Tattle Point." The experience is coming. Yet it is conceivable that there would be difficulty in enforcing the Clark bill. How to locate the eavesdropper and how not to mix up the innocent with the guilty? Suppose a mistake signal and an unintentional breaking into a conversation. In such case or course

MOTHERS NEED Scott's Emulsion

Many mothers have learned how much they needed Scott's Emulsion by taking it to show their children that it was a sweet medicine.

For thirty-five years it has been the best known specific against fatigue and enfeeblement, as well as the standard remedy for warding off and relieving colds and affections of the throat and lungs.

A TIMELY TOPIC

PROF. PERCIVAL LOWELL, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

THE labor union is a monumental example of the guiltibility of man. Combinations are usually for the good of combiners, however they may otherwise effect the public at large. It was reserved for the labor union to benefit neither itself nor other people. This modern engine of promoting inefficiency has a peculiarly particularity its own. Inefficiency in its work is only equaled by the ineffectiveness of its workings.

To enable them to make even a specious fight against the inevitable laws of supply and demand, the laws of man must be changed. While waiting for this happy legalization of monopoly they find it necessary to break all the existing laws. The dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, because the paper showed up their practices, is one of the last of their impositions upon a tolerant community.

It is probably not generally known that one item of the repressive policy of the unions yearly costs the United States government \$785,000. This is because the printers' union refuses to permit the change in the government printing department from the old-fashioned hand rollers to power printing because less men would then be required.

We escape socialism in name, because of our steady pandering to it in principle—by statutory enactment. With us, unlike continental Europe, the state exists for the individual, not the individual for the state.

The British employers' liability act is another step in the downward descent. The minimum wage law has resulted in a great gain to the poorhouses, and is perhaps as effective a way of any of pauperizing the community. We trust socialism is satisfied, for certainly the poor workmen and the taxpayers are not.

AWAY GOES ALL STOMACH MISERY

No Indigestion, Heartburn, Gas or Dyspepsia Five Minutes Later

If you had some Diapepsin handy and would take a little now your stomach distress or indigestion would vanish in five minutes and you would feel fine.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, out-of-order stomach before you realize it.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or you have a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion.

Ask your Pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pope's Diapepsin and take a little just as soon as you can. There will be no sour gases, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, indigestion, headaches, dizziness, or insensible quivering. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no undigested food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pope's Diapepsin is certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it prevents fermentation and takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is at any drug store waiting for you.

These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to thoroughly cure almost any case of Dyspepsia, indigestion or any other stomach disturbance.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY MEETING

The monthly meeting of the St. John's branch of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Board of Missions was held Tuesday afternoon in St. John's chapel with a good attendance. A business session was first held and a standing committee appointed, the members being Mrs. Raymond Stone, Mrs. Charles Hamd, Misses Jennie Goodrich, Emma Tardion, Mary E. Cal and Carrie E. Mudge. The managers chosen for the Junior Auxiliary are Mrs. Robert A. Thorndike, Miss Harriet Bilbuck, Miss Pauline Bradford and Mrs. Harold M. Fosson. The subject of mission study was discussed and a letter of appreciation was read from an aged clergyman in a western diocese, to whom a barrel was recently sent to relieve his necessities and those of his family. At the conclusion of the business meeting some time was devoted to song, after which tea and fancy brackery were served.

P. A. C. CRIBBAGE TOURNAMENT

Much interest is manifested in the Portsmouth Athletic club cribbage tournament that is now on at the club quarters. Up to today the players rank as follows:

Games	P. C.
Crowley and Kieman	3 .9452
Hasty and Shaw	4 .9427
Footo and Bisgar	5 .9283
Robinson and Walker	3 .9183
Marden and Whalley	4 .9181
Boardman and Sweetser	2 .9070
Tilton and Donckers	2 .8891
Rowe and Tilton	1 .8250

The Board of Health is still busy with the number of cases reported for measles and some diphtheria.

The Result of the Unions

KITTERY LETTER

Kittery, Feb. 15.
 The Traip Academy boys landed the York High school basket ball team a little come valentine in the way of a trimming at the game in Grange Hall Tuesday evening, but it was not a very bad one, being a score of 19-18. Dancing was enjoyed after the game.

Mr. and Mrs. Selwyn Caswell, who were married last summer, were given a serenade at their home at North Kittery Tuesday evening by a party of friends. The occasion was attended by the enjoyability which is usually found at such gatherings, and on their departure the guests wished Mr. and Mrs. Caswell a long and happy life.

Valentine day was observed at the Wentworth school Tuesday, each room having a "valentine box," well filled with remembrances of the day. Master Robert Rudolph, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Rudolph, has been ill with tonsillitis.

Mrs. Calvin Hayes still remains very ill.

There was no school at Traip Academy on Tuesday, the day being taken for visiting day.

Alvah Elkins, son of Herbert G. Elkins, has been restricted to the house the past few days by a severe cold.

Navi Lodge, A. F. and A. M., will hold a special meeting Thursday evening.

Oscar M. Chamberlain, graduate of Annapolis college, Turkey, also of Oberlin Theological Seminary and student of Chicago University speaks at the Second Christian church on Thursday evening on the American-Turkish question. The lecture will be finely illustrated.

Miss Alma Blaisdell of York is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Arthur H. Baker.

George D. Bouter is having pling hauled for the extension of his wharf which he will make in the spring.

Whipple Lodge of Good Templars holds a regular meeting this evening.

The Pythians of the First District of Maine are to hold their annual district convention at the Castle Hall of Constitution Lodge, Tuesday evening, March 7. This district is composed of Constitution, 88, of Kittery, Carthage, 67, of Berwick, and Quamphagan, 73, of South Berwick. The work of the evening will be the conferring of the rank of knight, long term, upon candidates, the work to be done by the new rank team of Carthage Lodge. Constitution Lodge will entertain and it is hoped that every Knight of Pythias will turn out and help to their part. After the work a banquet will be served in the hall after which a social hour will be passed and a pleasing program rendered. The meeting will be under the charge of D. G. C. Charles F. Hurd of Berwick and a competent committee has been appointed to make arrangements for this end of the convention. Come up boys at our next meeting and get enthused.

Kittery Point
 It is reported that Mr. and Mrs. William Tobey of Crockett's Neck have leased the store recently occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Melvin A. Blake, and will on March 1 open it with a dry goods business. This is good news to the community which has for some time seen in need of such an institution.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kille of Portsmouth are rejoicing over the birth of a child. Mrs. Kille was Miss Cadie Seaward, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wentworth Seaward of Tenney's Hill. Brackett E. Lewis and daughter, Mrs. Charles Billings, are in Easton today attending the funeral of a friend.

Harold Wilson is ill and threatened with pneumonia.

The G. W. Whist club meets this evening with Miss Giffels Phillips.

The M. C. Whist club met Tuesday a child. Mrs. Kille was Miss Sadie First ladies' prize was won by Mrs. E. Leroy Tobey, second by Mrs. Victor E. Amee and third by Mrs. Seager. First gentlemen's prize was won by Victor E. Amee, second by C. Henry Blake and third by Mrs. Charles Williams.

Wildly extravagant stories of an attempted murder and suicide were going the rounds this morning, but a careful investigation failed to show any material foundation for the yarn.

NEWMARKET
 David O. Davis, a soldier in the Civil war, celebrated his 88th birthday Monday. Mr. Davis is apparently sound in body with the exception of the loss of an arm which he sustained in the war, and demonstrated his agility before some friends by dancing.

Joshua Wetherell, a man well and favorably known here for several

years, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Albert Finkham, Sunday afternoon, Feb. 1. He was a soldier in the Civil war, where he saw long service. His age was 86 years and 13 days.

A runaway happened Tuesday on the square at Exeter which was exciting for a time, but fortunately no one was injured. The horse driven by Mrs. Frank Chesley, who lives on the Newmarket road, took fright at his new plow on the electric line and started to run, soon becoming unmanageable. After running a short distance it overturned the sleigh and Mrs. Chesley was thrown out, but escaped uninjured. The horse also came out of the fracas none the worse for the wild run.

OBSEQUIES

Charles H. Kimball
 The funeral of Charles H. Kimball was held from the home of his father, Henry Kimball, 59 Bartlett street, at 2 p. m. today, Rev. C. H. Emmons conducting the ceremony. Interment was in South cemetery in charge of O. W. Ham.

Mary A. Bickford

The funeral of Mary A. Bickford was held at 2 p. m. today at the home of her sister, Miss Hannah Bickford, on Bayside Road, Greenland. Rev. L. L. Harris, assisted by Dr. Robie, conducted the ceremony. Interment was in Greenland cemetery under direction of H. W. Nickerson.

A National bicycle rider never changes his mount if he can possibly buy another National. Why is it? C. A. Lowd, agent.



Our "cut prices" will be in force the remainder of the month. Your money will "go farther" now than at any other time in the whole year.

We offer big money saving opportunities in all lines of men's and boys' apparel.

In men's suits especially we have made "deep cuts." Here are Stein Bloch Suits reduced to fifteen dollars. As these manufacturers make no suits worth less than twenty dollars at retail you can plainly see the saving to be made on one of these suits. Savings of equal magnitude in all the other lines.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.
 Selling the Togs of the Period.

Valuable Real Estate For Sale

Consisting of a five tenement dwelling, situate Nos. 62, 62-1/2, 62-3/4 and 62-3/4, on Washington St. and a double frame building situate Nos. 2 and 3 Bartlett St., occupied for liquor saloon and dwelling. This property adjoins that of Thomas Loughlin and extends to the overhead bridge, having a street frontage of about 350 feet and in all the parcel contains nearly 32,000 square feet of land. The premises referred to are all well rented and in good repair. For terms and prices apply to C. F. TRAPTON, Real Estate Agent.

Farms for Sale

FOR SALE—A small farm in Elliot of 6 acres, tillage and 26 acres pasture; 6 room house, bath room; barn 20x20; apple, pear and plum trees; 15 minute walk to electric, schools and church. Price without pasture, \$500; with pasture \$900.

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 GLEBE BUILDING,
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DO YOU

Want to Purchase a \$3000 Farm for \$2000?

One-half mile from Electric, School and Churches. 30 acres of land. Cuts 12 tons of hay. One and one-half story house, stable, carriage house. Building for farm wagons. Large hen house. Excellent location.

J. B. ESTEY,
 Residence Sea View Farm,
 Brackett Road, Rye, N. H.

FOR SALE

THE HOUSE AND LAND NO. 10 ON GREEN STREET.

A large lot of land. The house has 14 rooms all in good order, suitable for two families or a boarding house. The house sets high and very sightly.

APPLY TO

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 PORTSMOUTH

Granite State
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OF PORTSMOUTH N. H.

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350 State Street Portsmouth, N. H.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 OFFICE HOURS
 From 9 a. m. to 4 and 7 to 2 p. m.

THE BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

Constitute One of Most Interesting Social Uplift Movements in America

The National Council of Boy Scouts of America was in session Tuesday in Washington. The Boy Scouts of America and the Boy Scouts of England constitute one of the most interesting social-uplift movements in record, and are mighty factors in the development of boy life and character. The two organizations are practically identical in objects and methods.

THE RATE CASE

Chapter 2

"LEST WE FORGET"

TO THE PEOPLE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE:

On December 6, 1910, President Charles S. Mellen wrote to Governor-elect Robert P. Bass, in part as follows:

"At this particular time, when plans are under way for improvement and development of the Boston & Maine Railroad, it is essential that we should know what revenue we can rely upon, and what burdens we must provide for. Uncertainty exists in reference to both because of this litigation. It is, therefore, in the interest of the railroad and the state alike that both actions should be disposed of in a way which will be honorable to both litigants.

"It is needless to say that there are many ways in which the service of the Boston & Maine railroad may be improved. There are many plans which we have in contemplation which will aid greatly in the development of the state in industrial lines, and in making the state a great national pleasure ground. Every wise improvement is of value to the people of the state. The business interests of the state and of the railroad are entirely interdependent and mutual. The railroad cannot prosper unless the state prospers, and the railroad is certainly an important factor in the development of the prosperity of the state. Before these plans can be put into execution, however, it is essential that we shall know the resources upon which we can depend.

"Does the railroad need the present rates in order to maintain this low rate of return? Beginning with the financial year ending June 30, 1908, the railroad has been obliged to keep its accounts according to forms prepared by the interstate commerce commission. In arriving at net profits the railroad is not allowed to charge to expenditures any permanent improvements beyond two hundred dollars in amount. During these years the average net income, without any allowance for improvements, is 6.3 per cent on the common stock. The amount required for 5 per cent dividends on the preferred stock is approximately \$1,800,000. During the last six months there have been very large increases in the schedule of wages. Beginning July 1, 1910, the increased amount of payments on account of wages, over the payments of the year before, will be \$2,700,000. Of course, unless additional sources of revenue are found or expenses in other ways reduced, the dividends would be entirely wiped out. As a matter of fact, the net revenue for the three months ending Sept. 30 is only 50 per cent of what it was during the corresponding three months of 1909. That there was any net during these three months is due to a slight increase in business, combined with a reduction of expenses along other lines than wages.

"I respectfully ask therefore, that you recommend to the legislature that so much of these statutes as make the present rates illegal be repealed and that question of the reasonableness of individual rates be left with the proper state commission."

Governor Bass, in his message to the Legislature on January 5, 1911, in discussing this matter, said in part, as follows:

"While expressing its intention of complying with this provision of the law, the railroad asks relief therefrom. Its officials represent that increased operating expenses, including a large advance in wages, necessitate higher rates in order to meet expenses and pay a reasonable return on the present and future capitalization of the corporation. They maintain further that the present low rates required by law will hamper the railroad in raising the funds necessary for the improvement and betterment of the property.

"This declaration and claim on the part of the railroad should receive your immediate consideration. It is most desirable that such improvements be installed as will provide better transportation facilities within our state with the least delay possible. You should treat this whole matter with the utmost fairness and impartiality. The development of our railroad under an economical and progressive management is an important factor in the growth and prosperity of our commercial, industrial and agricultural enterprises. Such development should not, however, be accomplished in a way to lay an undue burden upon the public at present and for all future time."

You have thus seen that your former Governor and your present Governor have approached this most important question in a spirit of broad statesmanship recognizing the necessity for co-operation if the best results are to be worked out for the State. Permit me in particular to call attention to these words of Governor Bass, as quoted above:

"IT IS MOST DESIRABLE THAT SUCH IMPROVEMENTS BE INSTALLED AS WILL PROVIDE BETTER TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES WITHIN OUR STATE WITH THE LEAST DELAY POSSIBLE. YOU SHOULD TREAT THIS WHOLE MATTER WITH THE UTMOST FAIRNESS AND IMPARTIALITY."

In the interests of the state and the railroad alike, we ask such a settlement of this question as will permit us to proceed with our plans for development. There is, however, a disposition in some quarters to keep this question alive for two years, obviously not for business reasons. Are the people aware of these obstructive tactics? Who is behind them?

EDGAR J. RICH, General Solicitor.

closely affiliated through the mutual friendship and understanding of their founders, Sir Robert S. S. Baden-Powell in England and Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton in America.

To the latter and to this country belongs the honor of the basic idea and the earlier organization. About the year 1900 Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton conceived the notion that the "gang spirit" so marked among boys between the ages of twelve and twenty-one, and which so frequently leads to fighting and predatory habits, could be utilized for mutual service and uplift. So he proceeded to organize "tribes" of Seton or Woodcraft Indians, with signs, passwords, and code of conduct and morals. The object he had in view was to seize the boy's character in its red hot stage of enthusiasm for physical activity, and to weld it into the right shape and encourage and develop its individuality so that the boy would become a good man and a valuable citizen. The Seton Indians increased lustily in numbers until there were upward of a hundred thousand boys and youths enrolled.

In 1907 a gallant English soldier and general, the justly popular Sir Robert Baden-Powell, who had become endeared to the hearts of his countrymen by his heroic defense of Ladysmith during the Boer war, founded the Boy Scouts in England, based upon the co-operating with Mr. Seton's idea. Henceforth the two men worked in unison on either side of the Atlantic. But the younger movement far outstripped its American cousin in growth and popularity. At this writing there are half a million English boys enrolled and another large contingent in Canada, where the idea was seized on with equal avidity.

The scheme of the Boy Scouts lays special emphasis on outdoor recreation and self training. Scouts must be between the ages of twelve and eighteen. Upon enlisting they are classed in three ratings, tenderfoot or probationary, second class, and first class, for each of which certain definite practical tests have to be passed to gain the rank and its insignia. Each group of six or eight scouts forms a patrol, with leader and corporal. Three or more patrols form a troop which is headed by a "scout master," usually a young man older than the lads in the troop. There are also local committees of scout masters and others interested in work among boys, city and state councils, and the national president, the chief scout.

As nearly as possible the boys wear a comfortable free and easy uniform of flannel shirt, short khaki trousers with stockings turned down at the knee, a neckerchief of the patrol colors, a khaki haversack, all topped off with a flat brimmed felt hat. The only weapon carried is a light staff—no guns or pistols—and only a pocketknife. As a matter of fact the "uniform" is so slight as to present no bar to enlistment in the Boy Scouts, and especial stress is laid upon the freedom conferred by this free and easy dress. The fundamental principles to which the Boy Scouts adhere are included in their pledge and their law. The candidate gives his word of honor to do his duty to God and Country, to help others at all times, to obey the Scout Law and to live up to its maxims.

There is in some quarters here and in England, a mistaken impression that the Boy Scouts are a purely military organization, and that the real purpose behind the movement is to feed a standing army. Nothing could be further from the truth. Before a scout may wear a first class badge he must satisfy examiners in ten matters: First, he must be able to swim 50 yards. He must have a shilling in the savings bank. He must be able to send and receive a message, either in semaphore or Morse, 16 letters per minute. As a test in self reliance he is sent off on a two days' journey by himself, or with only one other scout. On returning, he must write an intelligible report of things seen. Then he must know how to deal with various accidents—ice breaking, electric shock, drowning, runaway horse or carriage and so on. He must prove that he can make a damper, cook a hunter's stew, skin and cook a rabbit, or pluck and cook a bird. He must read a map and draw sketch maps; use an ax for felling timber; and judge distance, area, size, numbers, height, and weight within 25 per cent error. Finally, he must bring in a tenderfoot, trained by himself in the points required for a tenderfoot badge.

From a first class scout he may rise higher and higher by way of badges of merit. The King's scouts win badges showing they have passed tests in such branches of scoutcraft as seamanship, marksmanship, ambulance work, signaling, and the craft of the guide. Other badges of merit are given for proficiency in different kinds of work. The idea

here is to encourage boys to do their work well. The boy with engineering instincts builds an aeroplane that will really fly or glide, and so wins the aviator's badge. The explorer tracks out every lane, bypath, and short cut for at least two miles in every direction around his local headquarters in the country, knows the general direction of neighboring towns for 25 miles, and can tell a stranger offhand the history of any old castle, churches or mansions. He wins the pathfinder's badge. Others win badges because they are clever gardeners, cooks, surveyors, printers, plumbers, or pipers. Employers of labor recognize these badges. Seeking trustworthy boy service, they are beginning now to look first among the scouts.

The highest of the honors are medals and badges for meritorious deeds—a bronze cross for saving life at great risk, a silver cross for saving life without risk, a medal of merit for the scout who does his duty exceptionally well. Other fitting honors inspire and reward gallantry.

On many occasions when active and trained assistance has been needed the boy scouts have not been found wanting in aid or initiative. For example, there was recently a bad wreck on the London and Brighton Railway. The local scouts, who were playing foot ball when they heard of the accident, rushed to the scene with their ambulance stretcher, and for many hours calmly and promptly performed noble duties of rescue among the killed and wounded, giving the most valuable help to doctors, police and railway servants. On another occasion, that of King Edward's funeral procession through London, a crowd of more than a quarter of a million people gathered in Hyde Park. Thousands upon thousands of people stood for seven or eight hours, hemmed in and crushed on all sides, enduring the pitiless sun, to see the cortege pass by. At every ambulance center boy scouts were in attendance, to aid the work of revival, carry patients, bring water and keep back the crowd. And when all was over and the crowd dispersed, the boy scouts tidied the park of rubbish and scattered papers.

Full advantage is taken of the average red blooded boy's delight in things outdoors—making camp fires, cooking, camping out, hunting, fishing, trapping, "playing Indian," and the like. These perfectly harmless proclivities are seized and harnessed for the boy's own good, while he receives practical training along lines that teach self reliance, self control, truthfulness, courtesy, cleanliness, mutual assistance, and the duty of extending unselfish help to others—for no scout may accept a pecuniary reward. In fact, the Boy Scout Movement everywhere indicates the old Latin motto: "A sound mind in a sound body."

There is little danger of militarism in the movement, here or abroad. Some scouts, naturally will gravitate toward the army or the navy, but the same dangers which peace advocates profess to see in the boy scouts apply with even stronger force to the boys' brigades, which are far more closely connected with our churches, and where a showy uniform, real rifles, the Manual of Arms, military drill, and competitive marksmanship for prizes are integral parts of the instructions, which is also largely indoors. On the other hand, the boy scouts spend much of their time in the open places, among fields, trees, and streams, learning some of nature's secrets, gathering health and strength, and imbibing valuable lessons in courage, self reliance and good comradeships, all of which make ultimately for patriotic and valuable citizenship.

MODERN HAIR DRESSING

has played havoc with the tresses of the fair sex, and druggists everywhere comment on the fact that they are selling large quantities of sage for making the old fashioned "sage tea," such as was used by our grandmothers for promoting the growth of their hair and restoring its natural color. The demand for this well known herb for this purpose has been so great that one manufacturer has taken advantage of the fact, and has placed on the market an ideal "sage tea," containing sulphur, a valuable remedy for dandruff and scalp rashes and irritations. This preparation, which is called Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, is sold by all leading druggists for 50 cents and \$1 a bottle, or will be sent direct by the Wyeth Chemical company, 74 Cortlandt St., New York City, upon receipt of price.

NOTICE

The Portsmouth Catholic Union wish to announce that their first winter party in their new quarters in the Downs block, Market street, will be held Wednesday evening, Feb. 15.

VALENTINE PARTY

The Portsmouth Lodge of Elks scored another social success on Tuesday evening with a valentine party held at their cosy home on Pleasant street.

There were about 300 present and the evening's entertainment was laid out so that there was something doing every minute from eight o'clock until one this morning, when they reluctantly started for home, satisfied that the Elks can always keep up their end when it comes to entertainments.

From 8 to 10 o'clock there was whist and this was played in the parlors and card rooms and there were twenty tables. This was under the direction of Mrs. W. T. Entwistle, Mrs. Herbert A. Davis and Mrs. John Sandford. At the conclusion of the play the ladies' first prize was awarded to Mrs. Andrew O. Caswell and the gentlemen's first to Mr. Andrew O. Caswell.

During this time there was not engaged in cards were bowling, playing pool and dancing.

The dance hall on the upper floor was very prettily decorated with the lodge colors, purple and white, and it looked very handsome, an anti-room was used for a retiring room and this was made attractive with the same colors, and with potted palms and flowers.

Dancing was enjoyed during the entire evening with Rowe and Hight furnishing the music. During the time there were two cotillions with valentine favors and they were very interesting and attractive. The dancing was in charge of a committee of ladies, Mrs. Fred V. Hett, Mrs. John T. Lambert, Mrs. Seth Hansen and Miss Gretchen Hett.

At eleven o'clock the impressive Elks' toast was given by Esquire James A. McCarthy.

Refreshments of ice, cake and coffee were served during the evening. The entire arrangements were under the direction of the ways and means committee, Messrs. James A. McCarthy, John G. Sweetser, H. M. Flynn, Andrew O. Caswell and Chas. W. Trafton.

MARKET LETTER

One of the most favorable features of the present industrial situation is the growing disposition evinced by consumers of all commodities to enter the market to purchase. The year 1910 was marked by hesitancy in all branches of industry; in none more than in the department of transportation. Increased operating costs, due to advances in wage schedules, and the high prices prevailing for all commodities, declining gross, and of course "profits," all combined to stifle speculative buying on the part of our railroads. Other branches of industry likewise followed a hand to mouth policy in purchasing. Initiative was lacking.

The American spirit, however, cannot long mark time. Industry is reviving. The railroads have been aroused from their lethargy. Pennsylvania blazed the trail some months ago, followed by the Harriman lines. Now all companies are in the market for motive power, rolling stock and rails. Each day sees new orders placed. Even the leather trade, dormant these twelve months, has had a burst of activity. Cotton's decline has already resulted in considerable calling by the mills. The United States Steel Corporation is running 73 per cent of capacity, compared with 45 percent not so very long ago. Other steel companies are daily blowing in new blast furnaces formerly idle.

These unmistakable signs of betterment in fundamental conditions naturally are reflected in the stock market. A well defined bull movement is clearly under way. The recent strength in the general list in the absence of any great speculative factors means stocks in strong hands. The Copper Producer's statement, about as looked for had been discounted. The lack of response to unfavorable news has become a trait of the market.

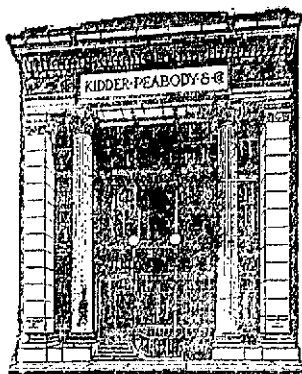
It needs but the clearing of political skies, which will come in a few weeks, to release the pent-up speculative spirit already manifested in industrial markets. The long awaited activity is bound to be on the upward side.

F. L. MILLIKEN & CO.

BEST AND HEALTHY TO MOTHER AND CHILD. Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WITH THE BEST OF RESULTS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Columbia bicycles, standard of the world. See the 1911 models at Low's.

Safe Investments can now be made to net 4 to 5 1/4% in bonds, 4 1/2 to 5 3/4% in stocks. We have lists showing these which we will send you on request.



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If you want footwear of every description, from the cheapest to the best, we can please you both in price and quality.

We carry many good makes but make special mention of our

Ralston Shoes

elegant in style, satisfying in wear and a shoe that makes customers for us.

TRY A PAIR OF RALSTON SHOES

N. H. BEANE & CO.,
5 Congress Street,
Outfitters From Head to Foot.

GLASS

A. P. WENDELL & CO.,
2 MARKET SQUARE.

WINTER TERM

— AT THE —
Plymouth Business School

Begins Jan. 3, 1911.

SEND FOR FREE ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR

WANT THE SAME PRICE FOR MILK

The meeting of the milk producers of this section which was to have been held at Greenland last Tuesday and was postponed on account of the storm, was held on Tuesday in the County Court house in this city with a large number of milk producers from all through this section present.

The object of the meeting was to consider the question of a new contract with the Boston and Lynn contractors as the present contract expires May first.

The meeting was called by President C. A. Abbott of the Boston Co-operative Milk Producers association, which is made up of the farmers who send milk to Boston. Clerk W. A. Hunter of the association and Frank Perkins, a director, were also present.

The object of the meeting as already stated is to secure some agreement of the milk producers on a price to be made for milk for the summer months. The contractors wish to come back to the usual summer rates which is considerable less per can than the rates now in force and this the milk producers don't want to do.

on the ground that even at the present price they are not receiving enough for their milk to pay for keeping cows.

The plan of the association is to get a fund to carry on this work of the association, and it is proposed to assess each member a mill a can on all milk produced. This is a very small tax, but it is figured that it will amount to a considerable sum in time.

Prof. Rasmussen of the New Hampshire college, gave the members an interesting talk on milk producing.

THEIR TIN WEDDING

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Gray Entertain Their Friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Gray on Tuesday evening observed the tenth or tin anniversary of their marriage, and in honor of the event, entertained a party of friends at their pleasant home, Gray Lodge, Kittery. It was a delightful social gathering.

ENJOYED A SLEIGH RIDE

Young People's Society of the North Church Have a Good Time.

The Young People's society of the North church, on Tuesday evening, enjoyed a sleigh ride party which was followed by a supper at the chapel.

NEW ARMOR PLATE WILL RESULT

Washington, Feb. 14.—In the light of fuller reports of the firing test in the lower Potomac river last Friday, when 12 inch shells fired by the monitor Tallahassee penetrated armor plate targets erected on the ram Katabdin at a distance of 8000 yards, naval ordnance experts have reiterated their contention that service projectiles retain their effectiveness at long battle ranges.

Only limited information hitherto has been available in connection with an attack upon armor under conditions approximating those of actual battle. The experiment is accepted by the naval officers as confirmation of the theoretical deductions which previously have been relied upon in regard to the flight of projectiles and the nature of the impact at long ranges.

The first shot which struck the target, according to the more complete reports, penetrated the armor, but the shell was broken to pieces. The second projectile struck the top of the forward target, dug a piece of steel measuring three and one-half feet by six feet, glanced off and was lost. It is not known whether or not this shell was broken.

The third and fourth shots completely penetrated the larger of the two targets. The third bored a clean hole; the fourth likewise pierced the thick plate and in addition tore off a big piece of steel.

The third and fourth shells disappeared in the water, but as no fragments of them could be found anywhere in the vicinity of the target, ordnance experts maintain that the shells did not break, as was the case with the first shot.

None of the shells was loaded with explosives, the test being designed to determine the penetrating power of the projectiles.

The experiment will be supplemented by tests on the old battleship Texas during the target practice in the spring, when projectiles loaded with explosives will be fired with the purpose of demonstrating the effectiveness of the service shell. If this is prosecuted to an unquestionable conclusion, in all probability it will result in the armor plate manufacturers resorting to their inventive genius to devise a species of armor that will resist the attack of the modern instruments of war.

The firing against the Katabdin targets was with guns of comparatively low power, the velocity of projectiles being only 2400 feet per second, as against 2850 given by the 12 inch guns of the modern battleship. The penetration given by these higher power guns of 8000 yards range is declared by naval ordnance experts to be nearly 20 per cent greater than that of the guns of the Tallahassee.

NEW TREASURY ORDER

New York, Feb. 14.—The new treasury order excluding from the \$100 in value of articles which each home coming American is allowed to bring in from foreign ports duty free, everything except what is worn on the person or toilet articles for their own use and things essential on a sea voyage, is working hardship among the poorer class of transatlantic travelers. A great majority of those arriving now are ignorant of the change in regulations and many can ill afford to pay for the small purchases made abroad and which in the past have been exempt from duty within the \$100 limit.

On the Bermuda liner Oceana yesterday were a number of persons who did not know about the new order until they had disembarked. All they had of course were little souvenirs intended for presents to friends. They were surprised to learn that their small collection could not pass the customs. Customs men do not like the new regulations. "It is like robbing a poor box," said one of them yesterday.

The work of the examiners on the piers had been almost doubled and when the rush from abroad sets in they say they will be unable with the present force to handle it. One of them voicing complaints of his associates about being overworked and underpaid, made these comments:

"Examiners on the piers and their associates in the Appraiser's Department pass on all values placed up on importations, supply the data to fight appeals before the board of general Appraisers of courts, keep posted on market values of merchandise in all parts of the world, and are in short the authority upon whose judgment the duties collected in the port of New York amounting to upward of \$300,000,000 a year are based. The average pay in the neighborhood of \$2000 per annum, the majority receiving \$1800. The resignations are numerous, and it is not to be wondered

at that many of them leave the government employ to accept more lucrative employment, which their skill and knowledge can command.

"Many years ago when government salaries were first determined upon, the President received \$25,000 a year; cabinet officers, \$8000; congressmen, \$2500; inspectors of customs \$3 a day, and examiners from \$1800 to \$2500 a year. Today the President receives \$75,000 a year, cabinet officers \$12,000; congressmen \$7500 and many of the inspectors of customs \$6 a day, while the salary of examiners remains unchanged. In a recent issue of the American Economist, former Appraiser, Wilbur F. Wakeham is quoted as saying: "The appraising department is divided into practically twelve divisions, each directed by an assistant appraiser, and under each assistant appraiser are the examiners of merchandise, who in practice and effect are the most important officers in connection with the collection of customs."

This is the order that was issued to the examiners about exemptions on baggage:

1. The only articles included within the exemption allowed residents are, wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles and similar personal effects. Wearing apparel is the things collectively with which one is clothed or wears as clothing. Articles of personal adornment are generally speaking anything in the nature of jewelry or such articles of adornment as are worn upon the person. Toilet articles are such articles as combs, brushes, soaps, cosmetics, shaving and manicure sets, etc.

2. Bags, packages, cameras, cases, confectionery, dress patterns, fishing tackle, glasses (marine, field or opera) golf sticks, guns, musical instruments, (not for professional purposes) parlors photographs, smokers' articles, (not household), steamer rugs, and shawls, toys (accompanied by child), trunks, valises, writing pads, etc. if intended for the passengers' own use, and in appropriate quantities are considered as "similar" personal effects. Animals, books, church regalia, desk pads, ecclesiastical robes, footstuffs, instruments (dental and surgical), saddlebag souvenirs, spoons and tools of trade are not personal effects.

3. You will further observe that no articles if intended for household, theatrical or business purposes is entitled to entry free of duty as the effect of a foreigner or as within the \$100 allowance of residents of the United States. Ladies' wearing apparel brought in by men is not free of duty and vice versa. Each passenger must be considered separately as to his or hers allowance. The personal effects of husband and wife, master and servant, parent and child, etc., cannot be apportioned one to the other. All articles intended for gifts presents or commissions for others are dutiable, and any article so designated on the declaration or so stated by the passenger must be called to the attention of the appraiser's examiner.

The new order was issued by the Treasury Department and forwarded to collector Loeb to enforce. It follows a decision of the United States court of appeals. An American returning from Japan upon landing at San Francisco wanted to bring in some household furniture free of duty. The customs men insisted that he pay duty, he took the case to court and after a long fight lost. The court's decision fixed absolutely what articles were exempt under the \$100 limit.

NAVY YARD MEN NOT OVERWORKED

Complaint of Boston Chainmakers Answered by Winthrop.

Representative Roberts of Massachusetts to whom the chainmakers of the Boston navy yard appealed when they thought the government was exacting too much work of them, Monday gave out a statement from Assistant Secretary Winthrop of the navy showing the government was not working any hardships upon laborers. The assistant secretary gave a tabulated statement showing the former output of the yard; the present output and the average output of private concerns, with a comparison of cost for one hundred pounds for the yard and the commercial plants. He then says:

"This statement shows a big improvement in this particular shop under the present system of economy in the yard, and the amount of work required compares very favorably with the requirements of private concerns. The comparison does not indicate that men in the yards are required to do more than could be reasonably expected of them."

"All the new 'Overland' models can be seen at Beacham's garage. No extra charge for 'fore door' bodies if you want them. Come in and see them. Everybody welcome.

FOUR MONTHS

Four months now of lying, four months of deceit, four months of proclaiming that each side will beat; four months of denouncing, four months of high praise. Then the happy ending, and the peaceful ways.

Four months of cajoling, four months during which it will be disgraceful for me to be rich; four months of reviving ancient party strife, Then the happy ending, and the peaceful life.

Four months of loud talking for the man who toils, four months of reviling those who want the spoils; four months of proud pointing, four months of alarm, Then the valid forgetting of the threatened harm.

Four months of hurrahing, four long months of brag, four months of wild cheering for the grand old flag; four months of denying, four months of dark dread, Then the same old toiling for our daily bread.

Four months of hard scolding, four months of deep hate, four months of bismirching every candidate; four months to be tortured by unfounded fears, Then the plodding onward through four peaceful years.

—S. E. Kiser.

MUCH FOR CHARITY

Sarah W. Kimball of Nashua Very Liberty in Gifts to Charitable Institutions

Nashua Feb. 14.—Public bequests contained in the will of Sarah W. Kendall, late of Nashua, deceased, probated today, are as follows:

To the Congregational society of Amherst, \$3000.

To the Congregational society of New Ipswich, \$3000.

To the First Congregational society of Nashua, \$10,000.

To the Ladies' Charitable society of the First Congregational church, \$1000.

To the New Hampshire Female Cent Institution and Home Missionary union, \$10,000.

To the American Sunday School association, \$5000.

To the New Hampshire Orphans' home in Franklin, \$10,000.

To the Nashua Protestant Home for Aged Women, \$10,000.

To the Young Men's Christian association of Nashua, \$5000.

To the Mount Holyoke college, \$10,000.

To the Northfield seminary, \$10,000.

To the New Hampshire Bible society, \$5000.

To the Protestant Orphanage association of Nashua, \$5000.

The residuary legatee is the New Hampshire branch of the board of missions.

Bequest to Gen. William E. Spaulding of the homestead which was formerly the Isaac Spaulding homestead upon Main street, valued at about \$40,000.

HERE IS SOME CLASS

And a choice of autos. The Hupmobile 4 cyl 20 hp, runabout \$750, torpedo \$850, touring car \$900, coupe \$1100. Cadillac 30 (Standard of the world) runabout, 4 passenger and touring cars \$1700. Ford door \$1800, torpedo \$1850, coupe \$2500, limousine \$3000.

McIntyre trucks \$500 to \$1650, ton truck \$1250, 1000 delivery \$1000. CHAS. E. WOODS, Agent, Row Street.

TO BE NOTABLE EXHIBITION

A Loan of the Pictures of Edmund C. Tarbell by the Copley Society.

In addition to the Museum's special exhibitions, two important exhibitions are impending under the auspices of the Copley society of Boston. One of these, which has already been announced, preparations for which are now actively progressing, is the retrospective exhibition of the decorative arts, to be opened next month (March 8 to 29), at Copley hall. The other, which has not been announced previously, is to be a loan exhibition of the paintings of Edmund C. Tarbell, beginning late in April or early in May. As Mr. Tarbell's pictures are quite generally in the possession either of public galleries or private owners, this show will be of necessity a loan exhibition; it is the intention to

make it a complete summing-up of his achievements for the past two decades and it cannot fail to be a most interesting and enjoyable event.

The freight train due here at eleven o'clock last night was over an hour late owing to a poorly steaming locomotive. Another engine was coupled on here and the train got away nearly three hours late.

In Every Home

there is sure to come physical suffering at times—suffering hard to bear—suffering which will be followed by serious sickness, if the first symptoms are neglected.

But this suffering will soon be forgotten, and there will be no after consequences if relief is obtained from a safe, reliable, natural corrective medicine.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

ought to be on hand in every home ready for use at first sign of trouble. This famous family remedy has proved in years and years of trial, its power to correct physical trouble and to ward off disease.

Try for yourself—or in your home, a few doses and see how the bodily system is strengthened and refreshed, and how surely and effectively they

Relieve Suffering

Your druggist can supply you; in boxes with helpful directions, 10c. and 25c.

Ladies' SUITS

We have just purchased from a manufacturing company of Massachusetts a large number of Ladies' and Misses' Suits which we are selling for

\$7.98

These are regular \$15.00 and \$20.00 Suits. Latest styles and excellent material.

Great mark down on everything—Furs and Hats marked below cost.

AMERICAN CLOAK CO.,
17 Daniel St.

RAZORS

Razor Hones

Razor Stropps

W. S. JACKSON'S

Vaughan's Old Stand, 111 Market St.

PACIFIC COAST

Canadian Pacific Ry.

LOW COLONIST FARES

MARCH 10th TO APRIL 10th

Modern Tourist Cars from Boston weekly.

Write us giving destination and we will furnish full details of fares and routes.

F. R. PERRY,

Genl. Pass. Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway

302 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON

George A. Jackson,

CARPENTER

AND

BUILDER,

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to.

No. 6 Dearborn Street

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny CAPSULES are superior to

any other in the treatment of

gonorrhea, cystitis, urethritis, etc.

RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

Write to the name, address with

out in the market.

HOTEL EMPIRE

Broadway & 63rd Street, NEW YORK CITY



In the Very Centre of Everything

All surface cars and 5th Avenue motor buses pass our door. Subway and "L" stations one minute.

ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS

59 Rooms, detached bath, \$1.00 per day

70 Rooms, detached bath, 1.25 per day

25 Rooms, with bath, 1.50 per day

80 Rooms, with bath, 2.50 per day

Suites with private bath, 3.50 per day up

W. JOHNSON QUINN, Prop.

7-20-4

10 Cent Cigar

Factory's output, 1910, upwards of twenty-three millions. Increase during year over four and one-half millions. Quality counts.

Factory, Manchester, N. H.

First National Bank

of Portsmouth
New Hampshire

U. S. DEPOSITORY

J. K. BATES President

C. A. HAZLETT Cashier

Sale Deposit Boxes For Rent

Imported and Domestic Wines

Bottled Ale and Lager for family trade

Olive Oil Unexcelled Wholesale and Retail

JOSEPH SAGOO,

110 Market Street.

for Family Use

Imported and Domestic Wines

Bottled Ale and Lager for family trade

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JOSEPH SAGOO,

110 Market Street.

Most Famous

for the highest quality in every particle—is Pears' Soap—and for the possession of those special ennobling properties which soften and beautify the skin. Moreover, Pears' Soap is

Most Economical

because its price is absolutely low—and because it has no mixture of water to cheapen it. It contains no impure or inferior ingredients. It is a positive help to the most delicate skin. Matchless for the complexion—there's money saving as well in

Pears' Soap

15 cents a cake for the unscented.

OPENING DISPLAY BEGINNING TOMORROW OF WALL PAPERS

FOR THE SPRING SEASON

A Cordial Invitation To Everyone To View The Exhibit

NEW PATTERNS, NEW COLOR EFFECTS

All of our new papers are real works of art; exclusiveness, too, is a strong feature, for among the imported and American Papers are novelties that cannot be seen elsewhere in Portsmouth.

If you contemplate repapering, whether a single room or your entire house, it will be well worth your while to secure our suggestions and see our attractive color schemes.

F. A. GRAY & CO.
30-32 Daniel Street, Portsmouth



Some Lady In Portsmouth Is
Going To Get This GAS
RANGE Free of Charge.
SEE THE GAS COMPANY



THE FINISHING TOUCHES

to a house often give the most trouble. You can avoid it all by having us supply the mill work. Then you will find the sashes, blinds, doors, moulding, etc., just right. They will fit with little or no labor because they are all true to size and made accurate in every detail.

ARTHUR M. CLARK,
35-37 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H.

For Men Ayer's Hair Vigor is for men, too. It is a splendid hair-dressing. It is refreshing, cooling, and it keeps the scalp clean and healthy. It never changes the color of the hair, not in the least. Ask your doctor.

Siegel's Store, 31 Market St.
TELEPHONE 397. FREE ALTERATIONS.

ADVANCE SALE OF SPRING SAMPLE SUITS

\$18.00 values at \$12.50
22.50 " " 15.00
30.00 " " 20.00

Special Bargains in New Spring Skirts at \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 and up to \$15.00, a Saving of \$2.00 to \$5.00 on a Skirt.

Beautiful New Spring Waists in Muslin and Silk at 98c and up to \$10.00.

Handsome New Spring Dresses at \$1.98, \$2.98, \$4.98 and up to \$17.50.

Closing Out Sale of Winter Suits, Dresses, Cloth Coats, Fur Coats, Rain Coats, Furs and Ready to Wear Hats at Half Price.

We are Determined not to Carry any Stock Over as we need the room for Spring Goods. Come to Siegel's Store and Save Money.

Siegel's Store, 31 Market St.,
The Only Exclusive Ready to Wear Apparel Store for Ladies, Misses and Children in the City.

The Arthur E. Richardson Co.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.,
Corner Market and Ladd Sts.

ENTRANCE 12 LADD ST.
"THE SPECIALTY STORE"

OUR FIRST SHOWING OF
ADVANCED STYLES IN

LADIES' SUITS

FOR SPRING

Have arrived and are ready for inspection. We have also received our line of

New

Spring Woolens

We can take your order now for your New Spring Suit, or at any later date. Remember we guarantee our Suits to fit.

Pictorial Review Patterns. Spring Fashion Book New Ready.

"THE SILK STORE"

The Arthur E. Richardson Co.

A Display / Pays W

ANTITYPHOID FEVER VACCINE

Washington, Feb. 14.—So striking have been the benefits already realized by the regular army through the adoption of antityphoid vaccination that through Gen. Weaver, in charge of the militia division, the general staff has addressed a circular to the organized militia, evidently with the purpose of preparing guardsmen for such vaccination in the future.

The circular is based upon a report by Lieut. George B. Foster, Jr., of the medical corps, which contains startling figures illustrative of the havoc wrought by typhoid fever in armies. It is shown that in the short Spanish-American campaign there occurred 20,238 cases of typhoid among 107,973 men, with 1580 deaths. In the Franco-Prussian war the Germans had 73,396 cases with 8750 deaths, and statistics of the Russo-Japanese war have never been published.

Surgeon Foster states that 3 percent of the persons recovering from typhoid fever continue indefinitely to excrete typhoid bacilli, capable of infecting others. About one-seventh of the regular army has now been vaccinated, and it is pointed out that if it were required that all new recruits and reenlistments be vaccinated, the regular army would be immune to typhoid in three years.

With no serious result following over 31,000 inoculations in the army, the procedure is regarded as absolutely safe. The protective vaccine is prepared at the U. S. army medical school in this city.

THE ONE SONG IN A THOUSAND

The records of the copyright office at Washington show that only one song in a thousand published in the United States reaches the popularity attained by such songs as "Old Folks at Home," "Rainbow," "Put on Your Old Gray Bonnet," "By the Light of the Silvery Moon," "Garden of Roses," or the immensely popular song of the day entitled "Winter."

That the public demand a song that is pure in tone, simple in melody and easy to remember is conclusively proven by the songs that become the "Volks Lieder" for a certain period.

The life of a popular song is short simply because it is sung and played to death everywhere. Every singer in the country, every orchestra leader, and every song illustrator at moving picture houses seems to delight in rendering it in every sort of manner, in all conceivable keys, and on every possible occasion.

The sales of a really popular song runs up into the thousands, and the lucky authors revel temporarily in the wealth it brings. Jerome H. Remick and Co. have had as many as six of these "One-in-a-thousand songs" selling at one time.

This is a remarkable record, but to have one writer furnish four of them seems almost a miracle. Percy Wenrich, one of our youngest song writers has again demonstrated his wizard-like ability to strike the popular fancy by his latest "We've Kept the Golden Rule."

Founded as it is upon the oldest and greatest principle of moral philosophy, the lyric goes as straight to the hearts of the music loving multitude as does the tuneful melody.

If all the ministers of the United States should preach sermons on this text, their combined eloquence would probably fail to make the impression this song has made. At the present time every vaudeville singer of repute is either singing or learning to sing, "We've Kept the Golden Rule," and those who have never heard of the "Golden Rule" will want to know about it, and others who know it, but have forgotten how to follow it, will be induced to practice it again.

The song will reach millions that the preachers do not reach, and is destined to outlive in popularity that beautiful hymn of over thirty years ago, "In the Sweet Bye and Bye."

A sentiment similar to that of the "Old Gray Bonnet" prevails this song, and young and old will benefit by its moral. Jerome H. Remick and Co. are to be congratulated in publishing only songs that are welcome in the home, and which, by simplicity of their story, appeals as strongly to the refined intellect as to the less cultured taste of the masses.

When songs like "We've Kept the Golden Rule" become popular the world is getting better.

JACKIES WORKING HARD AND WELL

The drill and practice by the Atlantic fleet goes along smoothly at Guantanamo, Cuba. The reports that reached the navy department by wireless via Key West indicate that the men

are engaged in almost unrelenting labor with great profit. Admiral Schreeder reports that a regiment of six battalions from the first division and armored cruisers under command of Captain Rush spent last week in camp ashore, and in re-embarking Saturday made a record by breaking camp and returning to the ship in fifty minutes. The second division is just returning from Samana Bay after a week's torpedo practice; the third is undergoing the admiral's inspection, and the fourth division is at anchor. Two hundred and ninety-three men qualified in swimming during the week.

WANT BATTLESHIPS FOR THE PACIFIC

California Senate Will Instruct Delegates in Congress to Ask for Ships.

By the terms of a house resolution adopted by the state senate yesterday the California delegation in congress is instructed to use all honorable means to effect the immediate assignment to the waters of the Pacific of ships of war in such numbers and of such power as to place this nation on an equal footing on its western coast with all nations which maintain ships of war in Pacific waters.

RED CROSS POSTERS

Thanks to the kindness of the National Shipposter's organization in giving the Red Cross certain spaces in the cities throughout the country, the New Hampshire Branch of the Red Cross has had posters put up in the following cities in New Hampshire, in regard to tuberculosis:

Berlin, 10, Concord, 20, Franklin 10, Laconia 10, Nashua 20, Rochester 5, Claremont 6, Dover 15, Keene 10, Manchester 40, Portsmouth 15, Somersworth 6.

The spaces are standard bill board size and it is understood that the notices will be allowed to stand for a considerable time. The New Hampshire Red Cross has supplemented the subject matter furnished by the National Society for the Prevention and Control of Tuberculosis by a slip indicating that these posters in New Hampshire are posted with the co-operation of the New Hampshire Board of the Red Cross.

The receipt from the sale of the Red Cross Christmas Seals in New Hampshire this year approximate \$600,000. These funds are chiefly used for assisting those patients who are in sanitariums and who cannot pay the full price of the board in these institutions. The committee is much gratified to learn that the patients whom they have been assisting are making good progress and two of them have been discharged as cured.

The Board continually receives requests for posters, both the original tuberculosis poster, issued two years ago, and the Benjamin Franklin poster. It is pleased at all times to send them to anyone making application for them.

POLICE SUSPECT BLACKHAND

New York, Feb. 14.—Explosion of what is believed to have been a Blackhand bomb pitched the seven members of Frank Barne's family from their beds in a Harlem tenement today, wrecked the apartment, broke every window in the building and drove the two-score dwellers in the building to the street in a panic. No one was badly injured. Barne, an Italian dealer in fruits on a large scale, denied having received threatening letters, but the police are investigating on the theory that Blackhand revengefulness is at the bottom of the outrage.

TO ASK IDEAS FROM NAVY EMPLOYEES

Acting Secretary Winthrop has determined to adopt in the navy department a practice that has grown up in the great civil manufacturing establishments of the country of inviting suggestions from employees for the betterment of the service. He has issued a circular letter promising the employees due credit on their efficiency records for such suggestions for improvements in business methods as meet with the approval of the department.

4TH GRAND CONCERT AND BALL PORTSMOUTH CITY BAND, FREEMAN'S HALL, THURSDAY, FEB. 16

March, Mallan Rifleman.....Ellenberg
Overture, Raymond.....Thomas
Selection, Chocolate Soldier.....Stearns
Characteristic Butterfly.....Bendix
Selection from Doris.....Cellers
Descriptive, Mill in the Forest.....
.....Ellenberg
March, Distant Greeting.....Doeing
M. J. Devine, Conductor

AGAINST EIGHT HOUR BILL

The cost to the nation of the extension to private shipyards of the eight-hour labor law, as proposed, was one of the topics discussed by Secretary of the Navy Meyer in his address at New York Monday at the Lincoln day banquet of the Republican club. Secretary Meyer quoted, as an example, the difference in cost between the Florida, now building at the New York navy yard, where the eight-hour law is effective, and the Utah, a sister ship, launched six months ago at a private yard in Camden. The Florida, he said, would cost \$6,400,000, or \$2,450,000 more than the ship built at the private yard.

"It is interesting to note also what a deterrent it would be to the resources of the country if the private yards are to be driven to an eight-hour basis just at the moment when our shipyards are successfully competing with the shipbuilding organizations of the great maritime nations," he said. "We know that if the vessels of the building program recommended by the President were to be built in the government navy yards it would cost about \$20,775,000, whereas if built under present conditions of labor in the private shipyards, without restrictions by an eight hour law, there would be a saving of about five and one quarter millions of dollars.

"All of us are anxious for universal peace and there are many who feel it can eventually be brought about by an international supreme court. We must bear in mind, however, that no court can be of any service unless its decrees can be enforced. When the nations agree to an international court, it is certain that five or six of the great nations will be obliged to maintain navies in order that the decrees of the court will be maintained. The American navy, under the most favorable conditions as to peace will have to exist and be ready to do its share in the enforcement of the decrees of this court."

Secretary Meyer mentioned plans of the Navy Department for developing Pacific coast harbors so the entire fleet might be maintained on the western coast. This he said would follow the opening of the Panama canal.

THREE OFFICERS ARE MISSING

Crimanera, Cuba, Feb. 14.—Three officers of the American battleship Minnesota, who left the vessel in a power boat yesterday, failed to return when expected and are still missing today.

Tugs and torpedo boats have been dispatched in search of the party, but had met with no success up to a late hour last night.

The officers were last heard from at the town of Jatibonico. The Minnesota, under Commander William B. Sims, is the flagship of the third division of the Atlantic fleet, which is engaged in winter maneuvers off the Cuban coast.

Caimanera is on Guantanamo bay, on the southern coast of the province of Santiago. There is a town of Jatibonico island, near the western border of the province of Camaguey, 275 miles northwest of Guantanamo. It is possible, however, that the town has been confused with the river Jatibonico, which, extending from the north to the south across the island, separates the provinces of Camaguey from the province of Santa Clara. A sea trip from Guantanamo to the mouth of the Jatibonico river would cover about 350 miles, and if the Minnesota is at Caimanera that couldn't be reached in a day.

PRESIDENT MAY VETO BILL

By a vote of eight to three, as was announced in this paper, the senate committee on pensions agreed to report to the senate the Sulloway general pension bill, which already has passed the houses. It was amended so that the annual cost, in addition to the \$153,000,000 estimated for the ensuing year, will be about \$45,000,000. As the bill passed this house it would have cost about \$73,000,000.

The motion in committee to report the Sulloway bill was made by Senator Curtis of Kansas, and it is expected he will lead the fight for its passage by the senate. Later in the day Senator Scott reported the bill to the senate. Senator McCumber, chairman of the committee, opposed the Sulloway bill

and endeavored to have the committee report a measure which would cost for the first year about \$3,000,000. He was joined by Senator Gore of Tennessee in making up the minority on the final vote.

As passed by the house the Sulloway bill would increase the monthly pension of veterans of 62 years from \$12 to \$15; of 65 years, from \$12 to \$20; of 70 years, from \$15 to \$25; and of 75 years or more, from \$20 to \$36.

The senate committee by a vote of 6 to 5 reduced the proposed maximum allowance from \$30 to \$36. As there are estimated to be 63,461 veterans who would be affected by this amendment at the present time, the change would decrease the annual cost a little more than \$4,500,000.

Friends of the bill do not anticipate an easy time passing the measure through the senate, especially as it has been intimated that President Taft would veto it if it was presented to him for his signature. The very fact that some senators are confident that the president would veto the measure is said to have induced a withdrawal of considerable opposition, but on the other hand there are senators who feel that the responsibility of such action should not be placed upon the executive.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE, WANTED, TO LET, LOST, FOUND, Etc.,

"There's Work for a Want Ad—When there's a Worth-While Furnished Room to Rent."

1 Cent a Word Each Insertion

3 LINES ONE WEEK 40c

WANTED

WANTED—OLD POSTAGE STAMPS. Look up your old letters or old stamp collections and write to Sterling T. Dow, Box 131, Keenebunk, Me. He will pay a good price for what you have. chf8,2w

WANTED—Salesmen on established tea routes for wagon in Portsmouth and vicinity. Good chance to make money in business for a smart man who can furnish horse and harness. Write Arlon D. Edmond 19 Bartlett St. chf6t

TO LET

TO LET—Pleasant front room with modern conveniences. 25 State St., corner Chapel St. chf8,1w

TO LET—Furnished house of 6 rooms to man and wife, or small family; all in good condition, no bath; \$15 a month; nice locality, ten minutes walk from the square. Address Box 1143, City. chf13t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—House lots on Lincoln avenue, most desirable location. Inquire at this office. chf7,17

FOR SALE—One new Smith Premier typewriter, at a bargain. Apply at this office. tfchj17

FOR SALE—The house and land No. 10 on Green street, a large lot of land, the house has 14 rooms, all in good order, suitable for two families, or a boarding house; the house sets high and is very slightly. Apply to Benjamin F. Webster. o28t

FOR SALE—A two tenement house with stable. This property will make an excellent home for some one, and with privilege of renting other half Inquire at The Herald office. j330t

MISCELLANEOUS

ADOPTION—WILL YOU take a baby boy or girl for adoption? Write NOW to Room 16, 913 Elm St., Manchester, N. H.

HOSPITALS—LYING IN and MATERNITY HOSPITAL, 74 Canton St., Manchester, N. H. Home found for infants when desired. t2,2w

OLD RAGS, RUBBERS—I pay the highest market price, wholesale or retail for clean rags, price now 1c lb.; rubbers 7 cents. Julius Gouse and Sons, 27 Hancock St., Telephone 249-L. ch p31,6m

ANTIQUARY FURNITURE and Old Books. A. J. Rutledge, 53 Columbia street, Portsmouth, N. H. chf7,2

W. T. LUCAS, dealer in Yankee notions and second-hand goods of every description. Telephone 794-L, 14 Penhallow St., Portsmouth, N. H. Furniture bought and sold. t4,1

DANCE HALL—known as Freeman's annex, now ready and in perfect condition, suitable for dancing, banquets, etc. Inquire H. J. Freeman. b2,2w

B. AND M. RAILROAD

For Boston: 8.10, 8.25, 7.25, 8.20, 10.27, 10.55 a. m.; 1.45, 3.12, 4.57, 6.27, 7.35 p. m.; Sundays, 8.10, 8.00, 11.00 a. m.; 1.45, 5.00, 7.00 p. m.

Boston for Portsmouth: 7.30, 8.40, 9.00, 10.10 a. m.; 12.50, 1.30, 3.30, 4.55, 6.00, 7.30, 10.00 p. m.; Sundays, 4.01, 8.30, 9.00 a. m.; 1.15, 7.00, 7.30, 10.00 p. m.

Portsmouth for Portland: 8.53, 10.48 a. m.; 2.45, 9.17, 11.40 p. m.; Sundays, 8.05, 10.48 a. m.; 9.17, 11.40 p. m.

Portsmouth for Dover: 6.55, 9.45 a. m.; 12.20, 2.40, 5.22, 8.10 p. m.; Sundays, 8.25, 10.50, 9.10 p. m.

Dover for Portsmouth, 6.50, 10.00 p. m.; 1.03, 4.25, 6.55 p. m.; Sundays, 7.30 a. m.; 1.00, 9.55 p. m.

Portsmouth for Manchester and Concord, 8.35 a. m.; 12.24, 5.25 p. m.; Sundays, 7.35 p. m.

Concord for Portsmouth: 7.30, 10.25 a. m.; 2.30 p. m.; Sundays, 8.25 a. m.

Portsmouth for Somersworth and Rochester: 6.55, 10.15 a. m.; 2.40, 5.05, 5.57 p. m.; Sundays, 8.25, 10.50 a. m.

Portsmouth for North Conway and Intervale—10.20 a. m., 5.06 p. m., Sundays—8.05 a. m.

Intervale for Portsmouth and Boston—7.28 a. m., 4.05 p. m., Sundays—4.30 p. m.

Portsmouth for Wolfboro—10.20 a. m., 8.06 and 5.30 p. m.

Portsmouth for York Beach (service discontinued after Dec. 25, 1910, to April 9, 1911): 7.40, 11.00 a. m.; 2.50, 5.35 p. m.

York Beach for Portsmouth: 6.40, 9.35 a. m.; 1.00, 2.45 p. m.

Connections at Rockingham for Lawrence, Exeter and Haverhill, at 9.07 a. m., and 12.15, 1.53, 5.53, 7.21 p. m.

"QUEEN OF SEA ROUTES"

Merchants' and Miners' Trans. Co. Steamship Lines

From Boston and Providence to Norfolk, Newport News and Baltimore.

Most popular route to Atlantic City, Jersey Coast Resorts, Old Point Comfort, Washington, and the South and West.

ACCOMMODATIONS AND CUISINE UNSURPASSED

Send for Booklet.

James Barry, Agt. C. H. Maynard, Agt. Providence, R. I. Boston, Mass.

W. P. Turner, P. T. M. General office, Baltimore, Md.

NAVY YARD FERRY TIME TABLE

Leave Navy Yard—7.50, 8.35, 9.15, 10.00, 10.30, 11.15, 11.45, a. m.; 1.05, 1.35, 2.15, 2.45, 3.20, 4.00, 4.20, 4.40, 5.00, 5.40, 6.10, 6.45, p. m. Sundays—10.00, 10.15 a. m.; 12.15, 12.35 p. m. Holidays—9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.

Leaves Portsmouth—8.25, 8.45, 9.30, 10.15, 11.00, 11.35 a. m.; 12.15, 1.15, 1.45, 2.30, 3.00, 3.40, 4.10, 4.30, 4.45, 5.40, 6.10, 6.40 p. m. Sundays—10.07, a. m.; 12.05, 12.25, 12.45 p. m. Holidays—10.00, 11.00 a. m.; 12.00 p. m.

*May 1 to October 15.

Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Capt. Marbury Johnson, Captain of Yard.

Approved: Capt. P. A. Wilner, Commandant.

Accident Insurance

Double Indemnity if injured while in or on Street Railway Cars Rates Low.

John Sise & Co.
NO 3 MARKET SQUARE,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

DECORATIONS

For Weddings and Flowers.

[Furnished for All Occasions.]

Funeral Designs a Specialty

CAPSTICK

Rogers St.

Silk Fabric Sale

Our Annual Exhibit and Sale

Tuesday and Wednesday,
Feb. 14 and 15.

Included in the collection are the newest
designs in

Foulards, B. & A. Poplins and Novelties,
Taffeta and Mossaline.
Sedo Silk, Silk Muslins.

THE D. F. BORTHWICK STORE

SPECIAL PRICES

MORTON SEAWARD AGAIN FOUND

Unfortunate Kittery Man In Boston Hospital After Second Disappearance

Morton Seaward of Kittery Point, whose mysterious disappearance from his home Sunday, reappeared in Boston Tuesday afternoon and second vanishing soon after, kept the wires hot between Boston and local police for a time Tuesday evening, was again located shortly before noon today.

The police were notified that he was in the Massachusetts General Hospital, and they accordingly informed his family at Kittery Point. Capt. Horace M. Seaward, his uncle, who had already left for Boston on the 10:27 train to search for him, would be met on his arrival there and directed to the hospital.

No particulars of how Seaward came to be at the hospital were contained in the message, but it is believed that his irresponsible acts after his second disappearance Tuesday afternoon attracted attention and led to his commitment to that institution.

Seaward's is a strange case. He has been for some time subject to recurring absences on the brain, during which time he loses all knowledge of his identity. This was the case some time ago, when he disappeared with a large sum of money he had in his possession, and was found in Newport, R. I., with the money unspent. He generally goes until he comes to himself, and then either notifies his people or comes home.

Sunday forenoon he was about as usual and working in his newly established bakery. He started for Kittery

and that was the last seen of him. His family and friends, when he did not come back at night, instituted a search, but failed to find any trace until Tuesday evening, when Seaward himself gave the information needed.

Shortly after five o'clock Tuesday afternoon Deputy Marshal Hurley received a telephone message from Boston, and it proved to be Seaward talking and he promptly recognized Deputy Hurley.

He said that he had just come to his right mind and he was in Boston. He thought some where near the north station, although he seemed to be indefinite about it. In reply to Deputy Hurley's suggestion that he take a train for home and he would have his relatives notified, he said that he was afraid to trust himself, fearing another attack.

Deputy Hurley then advised him to go out and give himself up to the first police officer he met and tell him that he was wanted in Portsmouth, and for them to call up for instructions. Seaward thought this the best plan, and promised to do so.

He shut off talking and Deputy Hurley notified his family in Kittery Point and patiently waited for a call from Boston. At seven o'clock there had not been a call from Boston. At midnight there was still no call and every effort to locate Seaward in Boston failed, for there was nothing to work on, as he himself did not know where he was telephoning from.

very severe injury as a result of the fall.

In Lower Harbor, Stormbound
Schooners Lucia Porter, St. John, N. B., for New York; Robert Pettis, Belfast, Me., for Quincy; Mary E. Lynch, Stoughton, Mo., for Boston; Duoma, Marguerite Haskins, Dixie and Pythian, fishing; barges Poccons, Philadelphia for Newburyport, No. 25, Baltimore for Portland.

THE WONDERER IS WONDERING

If the four-act comedy to be given at the navy yard will not draw a good crowd from this city?

When the Elks lodge will begin building operations on the new bowling alley?

If Dover bowlers are not making a fine record on the alley this winter? Why the Young Emmets don't send a challenge to the American Express employees at the depot if they are really anxious to pull a tug of war? Why a well known West End whist club did dissolve on account of the name some outsiders gave the club?

If the new health inspector is not having his troubles with the epidemic of measles?

What the members of the Portsmouth delegation will have to say about being locked in the toilet in the toilet in one of the cars all the time during the stop at Manchester on Tuesday?

If that bunch of lovers who have watched the moonlight from the High school steps will protest against the new electric light recently placed nearby?

Why some residents of the city never get any exercise in the use of a snow shovel?

What kind of a show Portsmouth really has for a new armory?

What is the reason for so many runaway girls?

When the other ships of the cruiser fleet will be seen at the navy yard?

If the Massachusetts Contracting Company are really going to say goodbye to Henderson's Pond?

NEWINGTON

Newington, Feb. 15.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pace welcomed a boy to their home last week. Several of our citizens attended the Pomona Grange held last week in Elliot.

Mary Pickering was a visitor in South Elliot on Friday.

Charles Coleman and family were visitors in Greenland on Sunday.

The Misses Gray of Gravelly Ridge, Portsmouth, were calling on friends in town on Sunday.

The seven cent social which was held in the town hall on Friday evening, was a success and it is hoped that it will soon be followed by another of the same kind.

Miss Lee of Boston was a guest of the Misses Abble and May Frink over Sunday.

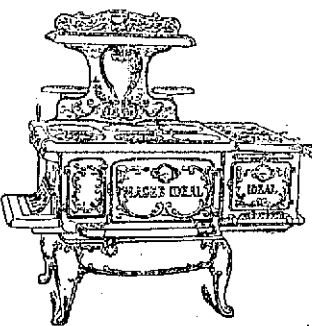
The sleighing on Sunday was fine and the weather was so mild that many people enjoyed a sleigh ride for the first time this winter. The sound of the jingling bells was very pleasant to hear.

Mrs. Lena Knox and daughter called upon Mrs. Francis Staples in Greenland on Sunday and reported her as recovering from her recent operation.

Mr. James Coleman and daughter were calling on friends in Greenland on Sunday.

Mr. Arnold Hill of Portsmouth was in town on Sunday.

The selection met in the town hall on Saturday evening and will meet again on Thursday evening to settle up the town's accounts of the past year.



THE BIG STOVE FOR THE LITTLE MONEY. MACEE IDEAL 88
Cabinet Base Range \$29
Cabinet Base and T Shelf \$31
Cabinet Base and High Shelf \$33
Cabinet Base, High Shelf and Reservoir \$40.50
Water Front or Coll EXTRA
GAS ATTACHMENTS
Side Oven \$14
Side Oven and Broiler \$16
End Shelf \$7

At PAUL'S 87 Market St. Portsmouth

YOU MAY FALL DOWN

If you fail to look up our Pianos before placing your order. We don't claim to be infallible or make rash promises but we are selling "Pianos of The Reliable Kind." There are plenty of chances to get fooled in the Piano Market. We are not fooling just telling our customers the truth about some of the best pianos on the market. In this connection we invite your examination of our stock of

**Emerson, Packard, and Merrill
Pianos**

Montgomery's
Opp. Postoffice

\$12,500.00

SLAUGHTER

SALE

of the Oliver W. Ham Stock

**25 High Grade
Brass and
Enamel Beds**

At 50 cents on the dollar

An examination of the Boston Sunday Papers showed us that our prices on this stock were one third lower on the same articles than were quoted on similar sales. Dollars count.

Portsmouth Furniture Co
CORNER DEER AND VAUGHAN STREETS

IF YOU

contemplate a change in your banking arrangements, or are about to start a new business; if you are thinking of opening a personal account or a special account, you will find at The First National Bank every convenience. It offers absolute security, modern methods, prompt decisions and cordial co-operation.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

U. S. Depository. Portsmouth, N. H.

**Did the Ground Hog See His
Shadow on Candlemas Day?**

Some question about it among the older inhabitants. You will need plenty of Coal anyway, for the next six weeks, and we've got the best ever, just now.

GRAY & PRIME,

TELEPHONE 23.

111 MARKET STREET

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

LOCAL DASHES

Who's coming?
Clear skies once more.
Over Johnson Bicycles, "Best."
The sleighing about the city is glorious.

The storm warnings again proved a false alarm.

Don't forget P. C. U. Whist Party tonight at new quarters, Market St. Girls wanted to work in box room. Apply at once. Gale Shoe Mfg. Co. chf15,3t

There were but one drunk and a number of lodgers on the police blotter last night.

Ride an Excelsior Auto cycle for 1911, the motorcycle with trouble left out. Agency at C. A. Lowd's.

Two knives or two pair of scissors ground for 15c at Horne's. Work done while you wait.

Captain F. E. H. Marden and Officer Shannon are still on the sick list but both are rapidly improving and the latter is expected to report at any time.

Blanche B. Lovell, all kinds of hair goods, 678 Middle street, Portsmouth, N. H., evenings only, Saturday afternoon by appointment. Telephone 381. bfl11,1m

If you want a small auto look up the Hopmobile. Made in Detroit it is a smart, satisfactory little car. Chas. E. Woods has taken the agency to handle with Cadillacs.

Unless you were at the Chicago show you did not see the new Pope motorcycle. Sells for \$175, with magneto. Ask C. A. Lowd about it.

The Overland touring cars are handsome, reliable, quiet running and the equal of any \$2000 car on the market. No extra charge for "fore door" bodies.

The Sanford first basketball team will meet a strong team composed of players from Portsmouth, Dover and Rochester at the K. of P. Opera house in Sanford this evening.

Smelts, spawns, scallops, eels, fish, haddock, clams, oysters, halibut, live lobsters, poultry, vegetables, meats and provisions. Edward S. Downes, 37 Market St.

There was a special drill of the First Company Coast Artillery at their armory on Tuesday evening. A drill sergeant from the regular army is here to remain a week for special instruction of the company.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding or protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

MAIL CLERKS MAY GET LESS HOURS AT LAST

Secretary George A. Wood of the Railway Mail association received a letter Tuesday from Assistant Postmaster General Joseph Stewart, in which the latter, for the postal department, authorizes a decrease in the working hours of the railway mail clerks, from six and one-half hours to five and forty-five minutes per day.

In the recent attempt to reduce the postal deficit, Postmaster General Hitchcock through the division superintendents of the railway service, ordered all men to work at least thirteen hours a day during their working days. This established the six and a half-hours day. In addition the men were compelled to work one and a half hours each day in compiling their reports and in studying the charges in service.

The order of Postmaster General Hitchcock increased the working day to an eight-hours basis, as a result dissatisfaction arose among the men. Their dissatisfaction was manifested in the congestion of the Christmas mail and since that time the postal service has grown steadily worse. At the meeting of the executive board of the Railway Mail association, in Cleveland, Feb. 6, it was voted to ask the conference in Washington with Mr. Stewart. The conference was held Sunday. The conditions in the country were reported at first hands by the sixteen directors of the association. Mr. Stewart promised to carefully study the reports and file an immediate reply with Mr. Wood.

Mr. Stewart wrote that the men had cause for their protest and that the burden of work imposed upon them by the new order was too great for them to properly handle. While the new order does not restore the original working time it is satisfactory to the men.

PERSONALS

Deputy Sheriff W. B. Shaw is in Deerfield today.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Griffin, Jr., are rejoicing over the birth of a daughter.

Miss Julia Maloney of Anybury is the guest of Mrs. Mary Kane of Court street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Butler of Greenland, Mass., passed Tuesday night in this city, their former home.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Woods, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert J. Kirkpatrick leave today on an extended trip to Chicago.

Mr. Ralph Newell of the Boyd road was operated on Tuesday morning by Dr. Bond of Boston, assisted by Drs. Towle and Neal.

LOCAL DASHES

Valentines almost doubled the mail on Tuesday.

See the ten merry youngsters at Music Hall tonight.

Have your cleaning done by Robins' power machine, whether your house is wired or not. Rugs, carpets, draperies and furniture. F. A. Robins, 115 Market street.

Considerable number of people from this city, will attend the Portsmouth Sons' banquet at Boston on Thursday evening. Mayor Badger has been invited, but there is a council meeting that evening, and he has been obliged to decline.

NAVY YARD

What This Yard Wants

In the matter of improvements along the yard water front at this navy yard the representatives of this state and Maine should as soon as possible get on the firing line for a floating dry dock to take the place of the former wooden dry dock and some additional quay wall. Along with this that big foundry that has been sidetracked by congress for the past four years should be given some decent appropriation to help the thing along in the way of awarding a contract for building. The yard needs a first class tug to replace the Nezine and there is no reason why this yard cannot build a tug for its own use if big tugs are constructed here for other stations.

Navy Orders

Lieut. L. W. Townsend to duty to New York ship building company, at Camden, N. J., as assistant to inspector of machinery and duty in connection with fitting out the Ammen and duty on board when commissioned.

Vessel Movements

Arrived—Uncas at Norfolk, Tecumseh Tallahassee and Rocket, Washington, De Long and Tingey at Wilmington, Paulding, Drayton and Root at Tampa, McCut at Newport. Sailed—Lemanon, from San Juan for Guantanamo.

Leave Owing to Wife's Illness

Chief Clerk Calvin L. Hayes in the hull division, is absent from his duties owing to the illness of his wife.

False Alarm

There is no truth in a rumor from Santiago, Chile, that the battleships Iowa and Oregon are to be sold to Peru. Vessels to be sold must first be condemned as unfit for use by the navy, and must then be offered at public auction, the guns and ammunition and all warlike equipment first being removed from the hull. The Oregon has just been put in first class condition, and the Iowa, though not of the late design, still is regarded as an excellent ship for the second line of defense.

Wanted to Get Back to Ship

One of the crew of the Wisconsin who deserted a month ago was returned under guard today from the receiving ship Lancaster at Philadelphia. He gave himself up at a recruiting station in Cleveland.

No More Salutes on Anniversary of the Maine

It was announced at the White House that hereafter holiday salutes will be fired at the navy yards only on the Fourth of July and Washing-

ton's Birthday. Representative O'Connell, of Massachusetts, who originated the idea of firing a salute, was at the White House urging that this custom be continued, but he was informed that the navy would not only discontinue firing salutes at the yards on Maine day, but on all other anniversaries aside from the birthday of Washington and Independence Day.

Money Was Late

Owing to a delay in the arrival of money the yard force were paid after the dinner hour today.

Putting in Oil Burning System—William Seltinghouse of the Miles Fuel Company of Norfolk and crew are engaged in the installing of oil burning systems in the blacksmith and other shops of the hull division.

How They Stand at Present

The following was the degree of completion of vessels under construction for the U. S. navy on Feb. 1: Battleships—Florida, 89.1; Utah, 65.6; Wyoming, 51.6; Arkansas, 58.1; Battleship No. 35, 0.6. Torpedo boat destroyers—Burrows, 99.5; Warrington, 97.8; Mayrant, 93.6; Monaghan, 65.7; Trippe, 93.1; Walke, 85.8; Ammen, 51.7; Patterson, 60.3; Fanning, 0.0; Jarvis, 1.3; Henley, 0.0; Beale, 1.5; Jouett, 3.3; Jenkins, 3.2. Submarine torpedo boats—Carp, 80.1; Barramunda, 57.8; Pickrel, 73.7; Skate, 73.6; Skipjack, 51.2; Sturgeon, 74.9; Thresher, 23.5; Tuna, 49.5; Seal, 77.3; Seawolf, 6.3; Nautilus, 0.3; Garfish and Turbot, no report. Colliers—Neptune, 73.6.

RIVER AND HARBOR

The four master Malcolm Baxter, Jr., sailed from Baltimore Feb. 10 with a cargo of coal for this port.

Northeast storm signals were flying from the Seavey's and Wood Island poles this morning. A fresh breeze and choppy sea held sway outside, holding shipping in port.

The five masted schooner Baker Palmer arrived at Norfolk Feb. 9 to load coal for here.

Schooner Maude Palmer, from Norfolk, is due here with coal. Barge J. B. King and Co. No. 21 is at Boston with coal for this port from Philadelphia.

The scow sloop Umbagejus, after a two months' passage from Damariscotta, is discharging her cargo of piling at the site of the new McElwain plant above Freeman's Point. The new wharf will it is said, be 700 feet long.

Barges P. N. Co., No. 10 and 20 are loading lumber for Boston at the wharf of the Berlin Mills company at Portland. The two barges will carry in all about 60,000 feet.

A sailor while at work on the main topmast of the three masted schooner Luther T. Garretson at Portland fell several feet, but landed on the cross trees. He managed to save himself from going further, but received a

**BEST FRESH
MINED
COAL**
\$6.25 Per Ton

Quality and price guaranteed on all accepted orders.

The Consolidation Coal Co.

137 Market St.

W. P. PICKETT, SUPT.

Phone 38.